RAJ HAR GOPAL & CO.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of PNC KANPUR HIGHWAYS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the IND AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Ind AS financial statements of PNC Kanpur Highways Limited (the "company"), which comprises Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, the statement of Profit and Loss (including statement of Other Comprehensive Income, statement of cash flows and Statement of changes in Equity for the year then ended on that date, and notes to the Ind AS Financial Statements summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act,2013 (the Act) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and the statement of Profit and Loss including statement of Other Comprehensive Income , and statement of cash flows and Statement of changes in Equity for the year the ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for The Audit of Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereor.

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does represent the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard

Responsibility of Management for IND AS Financial Statements

The company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section of 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of IND AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the IND AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these IND AS Financial Statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the companies (auditor's report) rules,2016 ("the order")issued by the central Government of India in terms of the sub section (11) of the section 143 of the act, we give in the Annexure B, a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our

knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- C. The Balance Sheet, the statement of Profit and Loss including statement of Other Comprehensive Income, and statement of cash flows and Statement of changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the IND AS Financial Statements summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information dealt with in this report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure C. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our Information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - a. The Company did not have any pending litigations which effects its financial position in its IND AS Financial Statements.
 - b. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses
 - there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
 - d. (i) the management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (ii) the management has represented, that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(iii) Based on such audit procedures that the auditor has considered reasonable and

appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to their notice that has caused them to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material mis-statement.

e. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the company.

For RAJ HAR GOPAL & CO.

FRN No. 002074N

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 002074N

CA Gopal Krishen Gupta

Partner

M.No. 081085

UDIN-22081085AJRRLC9555

Place of Signature: Agra

Date: 26.05.2022

ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EVEN DATE ON THE IND AS FINANCIA_ STATEMENTS OF PNC KANPUR HIGHWAYS LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31st, 2022

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud -or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

For RAJ HAR GOPAL & CO

Chartered Accountants

FRN No. 002074N

FRN: 002074N

CA Gopal Krishan Gupta COA

Partner

M.No. 081085

UDIN-22081085AJRRLC9555

Place of Signature: Agra

Date: 26.05.2022

"ANNEXURE B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the IND AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March,2022:

1.

- a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets
- b. The Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased manner, designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its business. Pursuant to the program, a portion of the fixed asset has been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book's records and the physical fixed assets have been noticed.
- c. No immovable property is held in the name of the company; hence this clause is not applicable.
- d. The company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- e. No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under.
- ii. There is no Inventory in the company, hence clause (ii)(a) and (ii)(b) is not applicable.
- ili. The Company has not made any investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability partnerships or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iii) (a) to (f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the Cost Records maintained by the company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Account Records) Rules, 2014 as amended and prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained.

- vii. (a) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods & Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Sales tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, CSS and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities and there are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues on the last day of the financial year concerned (31.03.2022) for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no tax dues outstanding on account of dispute
- viii. According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us:
 - (a) The Company has not defaulted in the repayment of term loans to banks.
 - (b) The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) Funds were applied for the purpose for which the funds were obtained by the company.
 - (d) The company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
 - (e) The company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- ix. According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanation given to us:
 - (a) The company has not raised moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) a term loan. Hence the provisions of clause 3 (x) (a) of the Order are not applicable to the company.
 - (b) The company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (x) (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- x. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year, therefore the provisions of clause 3 (xi) (a) (b) & (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xi. The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Hence provisions of clause 3(xiii) (a,b&c) of the Order are not applicable on the company.

- xii. In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the IND AS Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiii. Based on our examination and the information and explanations given to us:

 (a) Internal audit system is commensurate with the size and nature of its business
 - (b) We have considered the internal audit report during the course of our audit.
- xiv. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xv. (a) In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) Based on our examination and the information and explanations given to us the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) The company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India, and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) (c)of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The provisions of clause 3 (xvi) (d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xvii. There has been not any resignation of the statutory auditors during the year, and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xviii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dated of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and the when they fall due within a period of one year from the date of balance sheet.

We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts upto the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company and when they fall due.

- xix. a) The company has not any unspent amount according to the compliances with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act and accordingly the provisions of clause 3 (xx) (a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The provisions of clause 3 (xx) (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For RAJ HAR GOPAL & CO.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 002074N

CA Gopal Krishan Gupta

Partner

M.No. 081085

UDIN-22081085AJRRLC9555

Place of Signature: Agra

Date: 26.05.2022

"ANNEXURE C" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF PNC KANPUR HIGHWAYS LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (I) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of PNC Kanpur Highways Limited as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on these responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the IND AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of IND AS Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of IND AS Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the IND AS Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

FRN No. 002074N

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022.

FOR RAJ HAR GOPAL & Co.

Chartered Accountants

FRN: 002074N

CA Gopal Krishan Gupta

Partner

M.No. 081085

UDIN-22081085AJRRLC9555

Place of Signature: Agra

Date: 26.05.2022

(₹in Lakhs)

		·····		T	(₹in Lakhs)
Par	ticulars		Notes	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	ASSETS	 -	 	17, 27, 2022	110101 31, 2021
(1)	Non - current assets			į.	
	(a) Property, plant and equipment		3	25.83	23.96
	(b) Intangible Asset	•	1 4	14,124.64	18,152.48
	(c) Deferred Tax Asset (net)		5	2,081.57	1,729.86
	(d) Other Non - current assets		6	362.30	432.61
		Sub Total (Non Current Assets)		16,594.35	20,338.91
(2)	Current assets		ll		
	(a) Financial assets			1	
	(i) Investments		7	7,497.55	7,484.63
	(ii) Trade receivables		8	500.32	-,
	(ii) Cash and cash equivalents		9	336.26	490.16
	(iii) Other Bank Balances		9.1	1,810.00	1,710.00
	(iv) Other Financial Assets		10	9.05	9.05
	(b) Other current assets		11	144.31	46.29
		Sub Total (Current Assets)		10,297.49	9,740.13
		Total Assets		26,891.84	30,079.04
	<u> </u>		┝╼═╪	20,031.04	30,073.04
	ITTY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY (a) Equity share capital (b) Other equity	Sub Total (Equity)	12 13	6,750.00 3,501.99 10,251.99	6,750.00 4,228.58 10,978.58
			ſ		
(1)	LIABILITIES Non - current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities				
	(i) Borrowings		14	7,276.26	10,509.96
	(b) Provisions		15	5,253.52	4,203.78
		Sub Total (Non Current Liability)		12,529.78	14,713.74
(2)	Current liabilities				
	(a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings		16	3,236.80	4,064.00
	(i) Trade payables		17	505.81	71.38
	(ii) Other financial liabilities		18	296.46	217.86
	(b) Other current liabilities		19	50.46	22.59
	(c) Provisions		20	20.54	10.89
		Sub Total (Current Liability)		4,110.07	4,386.72
_		Total Equity & Liabilities	— Г	25 801 24	70.070.03
		Total Equity & Dabilities		26,891.84	30,079.03

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report on even date attached

For M/s RAJ HAR GOPAL & CO, INR GOPA

Chartered Accountants FRN-002074N

CA Gopal Krishan Gupta

Partner M.No.081085

Place- Agra Date- 26-05-2022 On Behalf of the Board

Challresh Kumar Jain **Managing Director** DIN- 00086768

gesh Kumar Jain Director DIN-00086811

Amrendra Singh Yadav **Chief Financial Officer**

Deeksha Garg **Company Secretary** M.No-30582

(₹in Lakhs)

				(₹in Lakns)
	Particulars	Notes	Year ended March 31,	Year ended March 31,
	rat (Culais	Notes	2022	2021
ı	Revenue from Operations	21	10,904.96	9,198.03
#	Other income	22	513.63	780.24
≡,	Total Income (I+II)		11,418.58	9,978.27
IV	Expenses:			
	Employee benefit expense	23	640.53	515.84
	Finance Cost	24	994.94	1,325.45
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	25	4,033.98	3,780.68
	Other Expenses	26	6,826.28	4,538.83
	Total Expenses (IV)		12,495.73	10,160.80
٧	Profit/(Loss) before exceptional Items & Tax (III-IV)		(1,077.14)	(182.53)
VI	Exceptional Items			,,
VII	Profit/(Loss) before tax (V-VI)		(1,077.14)	(182.53)
VIII	Tax expense :	i	(2,000,124)	(202.55)
	Current tax		_	_
	Taxes for earlier years	!	25.54	_
	Deferred tax	5.2	(376.95)	(299.69)
ΙX	Profit & (Loss) for the period from Continuing operations (VII-VIII)		(725.73)	117.16
x	Other Comprehensive Income			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	- Actuarial Gain and (losses) on defined benefit plans	34-35	/1 16)	(2.22)
	(ii) Income tax relating to above items	34-33	(1.16) 0.30	(2.33)
	(4) meaning tax religing to obote teering		0.30	0.60
	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (IX + X)		(726.59)	115.44
	Earning per equity share (for continuing operation)		·	·
	(1) Basic & Diluted (in ₹)	27	(1.08)	0.17

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

R GOPA

As per our report on even date attached

For M/s RAJ HAR GOPAL & CO.

Chartered Accountants FRN-002074N

CA Gopal Krisman Gupta

Partner M.No.081085

Place- Agra Date- 26-05-2022 On Behalf of the Board

Charesh Kumar Jain Managing Director DIN- 00086768

Amrendra Singh Yadav Chief Financial Officer

Deeksha Garg Company Secretary M.No-30582

Director

DIN-00086811

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Year ended March 31,	(₹ IN Lakhs
Particulars	2022	2021
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Net Profit /(Loss) before Tax & after exceptional items	(1,077.14)	(182.53
Adjustment for:		
Add/(Less):		
Interest	983.46	1,313.76
Interest income	106.32	14.87
Fair valuation of mutual fund	115.96	(42.45
Profit on sale of Mutual Fund	(519.63)	(524.12
Depreciation	4,033.98	3,780.68
Actuarial gain/ (Loss)	(1.16)	(2.33
Operating Profit / (Loss) before working capital changes	3,641.78	4,357.89
Adjustment of Changes in Working Capital		
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payable	434.43	(21.00
Increase/ (Decrease) in other current Liabilities	(720.72)	2,206.52
Increase/(Decrease) in Provisions	1,059.39	939.19
Increase/(Decrease) in Non current assets	70.31	(181.58
ncrease/(Decrease) in Current assets	(98.01)	70.51
icrease/Decrease in Other Receivables	(500.32)	70.51
Cash Generated from/(used) from Operating Activities	3,886.86	7,371.52
Direct Taxes Paid	3,000.00	1,311.32
Cash (used in)/ from operating activities before extraordinary Items	3,886,86	7, 3 71.52
Cash Generated from/(used) from Operating Activities (A)	3,886.86	7,371.52
3. Cash Flow from Investing Activities		
Purchase of Fixed Asset	(8.02)	(5.79
Other Bank Balances	(100.00)	{1,710.00
Interest income	(106.32)	(14.87
Purchase of Investment	(43,447.86)	(7,577.00
Sale of Investment	43,838.62	6,681.21
Net Cash (used In) / from Investing Activities (B)	176.42	{2,626.44
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
Interest	(983.46)	(1,313.76
Repayment of Term Loan	(3,233.70)	(3,279.85
Net Cash (used in) / from Financing Activities (C)	(4,217.17)	(4,593.61
¹ -iet Cash Increase in cash & Cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(153.88)	151.46
Lash & Cash equivalents in beginning	490.16	338.69
Cash & Cash equivalents as at the end	336.27	490.15

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report on even date attached

For M/s RAI HAR GOPAL & CO. GOPA **Chartered Accountants**

CA Gopal Krishan Gupta

Partner M.No.081085

Place- Agra

Date- 26-05-2022

Clfak esh Kumar Jain Mahaging Director

On Behalf of the Board

DIN-00086768

mounding Amrendra Singh Yadav

Chief Financial Officer

Deeksha Garg **Company Secretary** M.No-30582

Director

DIN-00086811

PNC Kanpur Highways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392

Statement change of equity for the period ended on March 31, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital

		(₹in Lakhs)
As at	Changes during the year	As at
March 31, 2021		March 31, 2022
6,750.00		6,750.00

B. Other Equity

/ ₹ in Lakhel

Particulars	Reserves & Su	ırplus
	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2021	4,228.58	4,228.58
Profit for the year	(725.73)	(725.73)
Other Comprehensive Income	(0.86)	(0.86)
Total comprehensive income for the year	(726.59)	(726.59)
Balance as at March 31, 2022	3,501.98	3,501.98

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

> per our report on even date attached

For M/s RAJ HAR GOPAL & CO.

Chartered Accountants FRN-002074N

CA Gopal Krishan Gupta

Partner

M.No.081085

Place- Agra Date- 26-05-2022 On Behalf of the Board

Chakeeir Kumar Jain Managing Director DIN-00086768

Director DIN-00086811

ogesh Kumar Jain

Amrendra Singh Yadav **Chief Financial Officer**

Deeksha Garg **Company Secretary** M.No-30582

PNC Kanpur Highways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392

Notes to financial statement as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Company Overview:

Kanpur Highways Limited (the Company) is domicile and incorporated in India and is wholly owned subsidiary Company of PNC Infra-Holdings Limited. The company has been awarded the "Two Laining with paved shoulders of Kanpur-Kabrai Section (Km. 7.430 to Km. 130.100) of NH-86 in the state of Uttar Pradesh on Design, Build, Finance, Operate and transfer (DBFOT) Basis" and entitled to retain the collected toll fees and appropriate receivables as per the concession agreement dated 11.03.2011 with NHAI.

1.Basis of Preparation

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards notified under Sec 133 of the Companies Act 2013(the Act) read with [Companies(Indian Accounting Standard)Rules, 2015] and other relevant provision of the Act and Rules framed there under.

The financial statements up-to year ended 31st March 20222 were prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules 2006 (As Amended) and other relevant provision of the Act.

- 1.}Historical Cost convention

These Financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except Certain financial assets & Liabilities measured at fair value.

2. Significant Accounting Policies adopted by Company in preparation of Financial Statements

Property, Plant & Equipment:

Under the previous Indian GAAP, property plant and equipment other than investment property were carried in the Balance Sheet on the basis of Historical Cost. The Company has regarded the same as deemed cost & presented same values in Ind-AS complaint financials after applying Para D5 of Appendix D of Ind-AS 101(First time adoption of Ind-AS).

Plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

Depreciation is calculated on a Straight-Line Basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Furniture & Fixtures-10 years Office Equipments- 5 Years Vehicles -8 Years Computers- 3 Years

Computer Software's- 6 Years

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity

Financials Asset

Initial Recognition and Measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent Measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

- (i) Financial Asset at Amortized Cost
- (ii)Financial Asset At Fair Value through OCI
- (iii)Financial Asset at Fair Value through P&L

Financial Asset at Amortized Cost

A 'Financial Asset' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss.

Financial Asset at Fair Value through OCI

A 'Financial Asset' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI. Financial Asset included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI)

Financial Asset at Fair Value through P&L

FVTPL is a residual category for Financial Assets. Any financial asset, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the group may elect to designate a Financial asset, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

Equity Instruments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. For equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable, if the group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI.

De-recognition of Financial Asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized when: The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

► The group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either

(a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or

(b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

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Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance
- b) Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI
- c) Lease receivables under Ind-AS 116
- d) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind-AS 115 (statements referred to as 'contractual revenue receivables' in these illustrative financial)
- e) Loan commitments which are not measured as at FVTPL
- f) Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL

For recognition of impairment loss financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Financial Liabilities

Initial Recognition and Measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly
attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilitiesdesignated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held fortrading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial Guarantee

Derecognisition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

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Provisions, Contingent Liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and lossif the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A Contingent Liability is disclosed in case of;

- a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation;
- a present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible;
- a possible obligation arising from past events, unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote
- Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date

Service Concession Agreements

The Company Operates and maintains infrastructure (operation services) used to provide a public service for a specified period of time.

These arrangements may include infrastructure used in a public-to-private service concession arrangement for its entire useful life. Under Appendix C to Ind-AS 115 – Service Concession Arrangements, these arrangements are accounted for based on the nature of the consideration. The intangible asset model is used to the extent that the Company receives a right (i.e. a franchisee) to charge users of the public services.

Income from the concession arrangements earned under the intangible asset model consists of the (i) fair value of the contract revenue, which is deemed to be fair value of the consideration transferred to acquire the asset; and (ii) payments actually received from the users. The intangible asset is amortised over its expected useful life in a way that reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the Company, starting from the date when the right to operate starts to be used. Based on these principles, intangible asset is amortised on the basis of revenue earned.

Any asset carried under concession agreements is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its future use or disposal.

Revenue related to SCA:

Revenue related to construction under a service concession arrangement is recognised based on the stage of completion of the work performed.

Determination of Fair Values

The fair value of Intangible assets as consideration for providing construction services in a Service Concession Arrangement is estimated by reference to fair value of the consideration transferred to acquire the asset i.e. by ascertaining the present value of the cash outflows using an appropriate rate of return to be provided to the Grantor.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Interest Income

For all debt instruments measured either at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in finance income in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Current Income Tax

Current Income Tax Assets and Liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI ordirectly in Equity.

Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, are recognised subsequently if new information about facts and circumstances change. Acquired deferred tax benefits recognised within the measurement period reduce goodwill related to that acquisition if they result from new information obtained about facts and circumstances existing at the acquisition date. If the carrying amount of goodwill is zero, any remaining deferred tax benefits are recognized in OCI/ Capital Reserve depending on the principle explained for bargain purchase gains. All other acquired tax benefits realized are recognized in Profit or Loss.

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Sales/ Value Added Taxes paid on Acquisition of Assets or on incurring Expenses

When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable -When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included. Thenet amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Balance Sheet.

Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Employee benefits

Provident Fund: The contribution to provident fund is in the nature of defined contribution plan. The Company makes contribution to statutory provident fund in accordance with the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. The contribution paid or payable is recognized as an expense in the period in which services are rendered.

Gratuity (Funded): Gratuity is in the nature of defined benefit plan. The cost is determined using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuation being carried at cash at each Balance Sheet date by an independent actuary. The retirement benefits obligation recognized in the Balance Sheet represent the present value of defined benefit obligation as adjusted for recognized past service cost. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in full in the other comprehensive income for the period in which they occur

→All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits.

Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., and the expected cost of bonus, exgratia are recognised during the period in which the employee renders related service.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

PNC Kanpur Highways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392 Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

	30.61	0.26	T0.43	0.50	96.4		
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To sh31, 2021 1,31,2022 4,19 3,01 3,01 13.19 0,91 0,91 1,71 0,91 <td> </td> <td>25</td> <td>10.43</td> <td>6 50</td> <td>1 28</td> <td>12.04</td> <td>As at March 31, 2021</td>		25	10.43	6 50	1 28	12.04	As at March 31, 2021
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ving Value 13.12 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 0.92 0.93 0.91 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.92 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93		0.00	.,,				Disposal / Adjustments
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To h31, 2021 1,31, 2022 2,13, 3 4,19 1,10 20,33 13,19 0,91 0,91 1,10 0,91 0,9		9 09	1.70	1.88	0.28	2.36	Charged During the year
Operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To 131, 2021 131, 2022 4.19 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 0.91 Industrients 21.34 4.11 20.33 15.91 0.91 0.91 Industrients 21.34 4.11 20.33 15.91 0.91 0.91 Industrients 22.24 4.31 20.33 15.91 0.91 0.91 Industrients 2.24 0.33 1.38 6.50 10.43 0.26 0.91 Industrients 2.24 0.33 1.93 1.55 0.09 0.95 Industrients 14.29 1.71 8.43 11.99 0.35 0.95 Value as at March 31, 2022 7.05 7.05 2.40 11.90 3.92 Vehicle 7.05 Valustrients 0.91 14.89 2.90 19.19 0.95 7.05 Valustrients	2.	0.17	8.73	4.62	1.10	9.69	As at March 31, 2020
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & flotures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To h 31, 2021 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 13.10 13.19 0.91 13.10 13.19 0.91 13.10 13.19 0.91 13.10 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.10 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.11 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.11 13.19 0.91 13.11							Accumulated Depreciation
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To h 31, 2021 1,10 2,03 13.19 0.91 0.91 1.10 0.91 0.93		0.91	13.19	20.33	3.01	17.15	As at March 31, 2021
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & floctures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To h 31, 2021 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 1.10 1.10 20.33 13.19 0.91 1.10 1.10 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.134 2.133 15.91 0.91 0.91 1.11 2.134 2.24 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Disposal / Adjustments</td>							Disposal / Adjustments
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & foctures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To h 31, 2021 4.19 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 1.91 1.91 0.91 1.91 0.91 1.91 0.91 1.91 0.91 1.91 0.91 1.91 0.92 0.91 0.92 0.91 0.92		ś	2.28	1.14	0.11	2.26	Addition during the year
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ving Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 0.91 0.91 13.19 0.91 <		0.91	10.91	19.19	2.90	14.89	As at March 31, 2020
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ving Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 0.91 1.10 0.91							Gross Carrying Value
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ying Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 0.99 0.99 0.99 <td< td=""><td>Total</td><td>Vehicle</td><td>Computers</td><td>Electric Equipment's</td><td>Furniture & fixtures</td><td>Office Equipment</td><td>Particulars</td></td<>	Total	Vehicle	Computers	Electric Equipment's	Furniture & fixtures	Office Equipment	Particulars
Opertry, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ving Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 1.19 0.91 1.10 0.91 0.91 0.91 1.10 0.91							
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Operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ving Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 13.19 0.91 0.91 13.19 0.91 0							
Operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ving Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 0.91 1.09 1.09 0.91		0.35	11.99	8.43	1.71	14.29	As at March 31, 2022
Operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ving Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 1.10 0.91							Disposal / Adjustments
Opertry, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To h 31, 2021 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 0.91 h 31, 2021 4.19 1.10 20.33 15.91 0.91 h 31, 2022 21.34 4.11 20.33 15.91 0.91 ed Depreciation 12.04 13.8 6.50 10.43 0.26		0.09	1.55	1.93	0.33	2.24	Charged During the year
Operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ving Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91		0.26	10.43	6.50	1.38	12.04	As at March 31, 2021
Operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ving Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 0.91 h 31, 2021 4.19 1.10 20.33 15.91 0.91 h 31, 2022 21.34 4.11 20.33 15.91 0.91							Accumulated Depreciation
Operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To Ving Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 h 31, 2021 4.19 1.10 20.33 13.19 0.91 adjustments 4.19 1.10 2.72 2.72		0.91	15.91	20.33	4.11	21.34	As at March 31, 2022
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To ying Value 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 h 31, 2021 17.15 3.01 20.33 13.19 0.91 h 31, 2021 3.01 20.33 3.01 h 31, 2021 3.01		,	•				Disposal / Adjustments
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To Vehi			2 72	1	1.10	4.19	Addition during the year
operty, plant & equipment Office Equipment Furniture & fixtures Electric Equipment's Computers Vehicle To	- 1		13.19	20.33	3.01	17.15	Gross Carrying Value As at March 31, 2021
	Total	Vehicle	Computers	Electric Equipment's	Furniture & fixtures	Office Equipment	Particulars
	(₹inL						Note : 3 Property, plant & equipment

Net carrying Value as at March 31, 2021

5.10

1.63

13.83

2.76

0.65

23.96





PNC Kanpur Highways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392

Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note: 4 Intangible Assets

(₹	in I	Laki	hs,
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Particulars	Concession Rights	Total
Gross Block (at cost or revalued amount)		
As at March 31, 2021	37,202.36	37,202.36
Addition during the year	-	-
Disposal / Adjustments	-	-
	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	37,202.36	37,202.36
Accumulated Depreciation		
As at March 31, 2021	19,049.88	19,049.88
Addition during the year	4,027.84	4,027.84
Disposal / Adjustments		-
As at March 31, 2022	23,077.72	23,077.72
Net carrying Value as at March 31, 2022	14,124.64	14,124.64

{₹in Lakhs}

<u> </u>		(CHI EDINIS)
Particulars	Concession Rights	Total
Gross Block (at cost or revalued amount)		
As at March 31, 2020	37,202.36	37,202.36
Addition during the year	-	-
Disposal / Adjustments	-	-
		-
As at March 31, 2021	37,202.36	37,202.36
		· · ·
Accumulated Depreciation		
As at March 31, 2020	15,275.50	15,275.50
Addition during the year	3,774.38	3,774.38
Disposal / Adjustments	-	-
As at March 31, 2021	19,049.88	19,049.88
Net carrying Value as at March 31, 2021	18,152.48	18,152.48

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PNC Kanpur Highways Limited
CIN: U4S400DL2011PLC212392
Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note : 5 Deferred Tax

5.1 The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		(₹ in Lakhs)
Doubles less	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
(a) Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities)		
Fixed Assets (Tangibles)	1,25	0.94
Intangible Assets	266.94	196.41
Borrowings	(1.51)	(2.33)
Investments	(7.67)	(37.82)
Major Maintenance	1,359.03	1,088.68
Employee Benefits	12.22	7.14
Net deferred tax Assets/(Liabilities)	1,630,27	1,253.02
(b) Mat Credit Entitlement		
Mat Credit Entitlement	451.31	476.84
Total	2,081.57	1,729.86

	The annual content of the content of the content of the content of

5.2 Movement in Deferred tax (Liabilities)/Assets							(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	Fixed Assets (Intungibles)	Fixed Assets [Tangibles]	Borrowings	Major Maintenance Employee Benefk	Employee Benefit	investments	Total
At April 1, 2021	196.41	0.94	(2.33)	1,088.68	7.14	(37.82)	1,253.02
(Charged)/credited:to profit & loss -to other comprehensive income	70.53	0.31	0.82	270.35	4,79 0.30	30.15	376.95 0.30
As at March 31, 2022	266.94	1.25	(1.51)	1,359.03	12.22	(7.67)	1,630.27

5.3 Movement in Minimum Alternate Tax

476,84	451.31	Closing Balance
	12004)	cheance, triming one house
	175 501	Created / (Charged) during the period
476.84	476.84	Opening Balance
March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	refundate
Asat	As at	Darelland



Note 6 : Other Non Current Assets

(₹in Lakhs)

		1 ((1) 60(0.15)
Particulars	As at	As at
1 11 12 (12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Statuary Dues Receivable		
-Advance Tax and TDS Refundable	347.44	399.63
-WCT Receivable	14.87	32. 9 8
Total Other Non-current assets	362.31	432.61

Note 7 : Current Financial Investments

(₹in Lakhs)

		(K IN Lakns)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Investments in Mutual fund		•
Quoted		
Kotak Low Duration	973.34	-
HDFC Short Term Debt		7,484.63
HDFC Floating Rate Debt Fund Account	1,494.71	-
DSP Saving Fund	1,500.00	-
SPI Arbitrag OP Fund	2,500.00	_
_ ↓ Float Rate Fund	1,000.00	-
Fair Val Impact Invs	29.50	-
Total Current financial investments MF	7,497.55	7,484.63

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Aggregate Book Value of quoted investments	7,468.05	7,339.17
Aggregate Market Value of quoted investments	7,497.55	7,484.63
Aggregate Book Value of unquoted investments	- 1	-
Aggregate amount of impairment on value of investments	<u> </u>	-

Note 8 : Current Trade Receivable

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Trade Receivables		
disputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	500.32	-
disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	- 1	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	- 1	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - Considered good	- 1	
Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	- 1	-
Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-
Total Trade Receivables	500.32	-

Ageing of Trade Receivables	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Undisputed Trade Receivables - Considered good		
Less than Six Months	458.99	-
6 Months - 1 Year	41.33	•
1-2 Years	-	-
2-3 Years	-	-
More than 3 years		
Total	500.32	-

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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 9: Cash and cash equivalents

{₹in Lakhs}

Particulars	As at	As at
roi (iculai 3	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Cash on hand	14.81	15.26
Balances with bank		
-In current account	321.45	374.90
In Term Deposits (Less than 3 months)	<u> </u>	100.00
Total cash and cash equivalents	336.26	490.16

Note 9.1: Other Bank Balances

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
In Term Deposits (More than 3 months less than 12 months)	1,810.00	1,710.00
T Other Bank Balances	1,810.00	1,710.00

Note 10: Other Current Financial Assets

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Debtors Govt	9.05	9.05
Total Other Current financial assets	9.05	9.05

Note 11: Other Current Assets

(₹in Lakhs)

		1 111 647013)
Particulars	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Imprest to Employees	3.31	0.23
Accrued Interest on FDR	83.78	2.31
Prepaid Expenses	1.43	2.14
Advance to Suppliers	1.04	10.98
T GST Recoverable	28.81	-
Security Deposit to Customer	25.94	30.63
Total Other financial assets	144.31	46.29

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PNC Kanpur Highways Limited
CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392
Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on Marcu 31, 2022

Note 12 : Share Capital

(₹ in Lakhs) 6,750.00 6,800.00 March 31, 2021 6,750.00 6,800.00 March 31, 2022 Equity Shares - Issued, Subscribed & paid up 6,80,00,000 (Previous year 6,80,00,000) 6,75,00,000 (Previous year 6,75,00,000) equity Shares of ₹ 10 /- each equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each Particulars Authorised

(a) Reconclisation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

		(No. of Shares)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
At the beginning of the year 6,75,00,000 (Previous year 6,75,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each allotted as fully paid up	6,75,00,000	6,75,00,000
Issued during the year Equity Shares of Lakhs 10 each allotted as fully paid up	•	•
Outstanding at the end of the year 6,75,00,000 (Previous year 6,75,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each allotted as fully paid up	6,75,00,000	6,75,00,000

Shares of Company Held by Holding/Ultimate Holding Company		(No. of Shares)
	As at	Asat
articulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
PNC Infraholdings Limited	6,75,00,000	6,75,00,000

Details of Promoters share holding						
		As at March 31, 2022		*	As at March 31, 2021	
ranticulars	No of Shares	%	% Change	No of Shares	%	%
PNC Infraholdings Limited and its nominees*	6,75,00,000	100	%0	6,75,00,000	100	

^{*}Six Equity Shares are held by nominee of PNC Infra Holdings Limited.

Rights and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having at par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In case any dividend is proposed by the Board of Directors the same is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in the case of Interim Dividend. There are restrictions attached to Equity Shares in relation to the term loan taken by the company pursuant to loan agreement with Consortium of lenders.

There are no bonus shares/share Issued for consideration other than cash and share bought back during the perlod of 5 years immediately preceding Five years.





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PNC Kanpur Highways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392

Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 13: Other Equity

{₹in Lakhs}

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
- Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	4,228.58	4,113.14
Net Profit for the year	(725.73)	117.16
Remeasurement of post employee benefit obligation net of taxes	(0.86)	(1.72)
(See Note 13.1)		, ,
Closing Balance	3,501.99	4,228.58

Note 13.1: This items of other comprehensive income are directly recognised in retained earnings

Note 13.2 : Nature and Purpose of Reserves

This comprise Company's undistributed profits after taxes.

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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 14: Non Current Borrowings

(₹ in Lakhs)

		(,+,	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
Secured		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Term Loan From Banks			
Punjab National Bank (e-OBC)	5,881.20	8,152.70	
Central Bank of India *	4,631.86	6,421.26	
Total Non Current Borrowings	10,513.06	14,573.96	
Less Current Maturities of Long term debt	3,236.80	4,064.00	
Non Current Borrowings(as per balance sheet)	7,276.26	10,509.96	

The Loan is repayable in 102 unequal monthly installments commencing from January 2016

Assets pledged as Security

- (i) A first mortgage and charge on all the borrowers immovable properties both present and future save and except the project assets.
- A first charge by way of hypothecation of the borrower movable, including current and non current assets save and except the project assets.
- (iii) A first charge on borrowers receivables save and except the project assets.
- (iv) A first charge over all the bank accounts of the borrower, the escrow account, sub accounts, major maintenance account debt service reserve account.
- (v) A first charge on all the intangible assets excluding the project assets.
- (vi) A first charge by way of assignment or otherwise creation of security interest in all the rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and
- (vii) Pledge of equity shares held by the sponsor aggregating to 51%.

Note 15: Non-Current Liabilities-Provisions

(₹in Lakhe)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Major Maintence provision	5,227.04	4,187.22
Gratuity	17.21	9.23
Leave Encashment	9.27	7.33
al le	5,253.52	4,203.78

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^{*}Company has made a pre-payment of entire bank loan belongs to Central Bank of India as on dt 02.05.2022.

Note 16 : Borrowings:		(₹in Laichs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current Maturities of Long Term Loan	3,236.80	4,064.00
		1
Total Borrowings	3,236,80	4,064.00

Note 17 : Current Financial Liabilities: Trade payables		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Due to MSME	1.56	-
Dues of other than MSME parties	- 1	-
-Related party	460.40	-
-Others	43.85	71.38
Disputed dues (MSMEs)	-	-
Disputed dues (Others)	-	-
Total Current Trade Payables	505.81	71.38

Ageing of Trade payables	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
MSME		
Less than Six Months	1.15	-
6 Months - 1 Year	-	-
1-2 Years	0.41	-
2-3 Years	-	-
More than 3 years		-
Total (A)	1.56	-
Others		
Less than Six Months	493.27	-
6 Months - 1 Year	0.02	-
1-2 Years	8.20	30.93
2-3 Years	-	
More than 3 years	2.75	40.45
Total (B)	504.24	71.38
Grand Total (C=A+B)	505.81	71.38

Note 18 : Other current financial liabilities:		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
raticulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Payable to Employees		
-Salary Payables	51.28	48.65
-Others Payables	5.64	8.08
Expenses Payable	63.18	8.67
Retentions*	176.35	152.46
Total Other Current Financial Liabilities	296.46	217.86

*Includes ₹ 152.02 Lakhs payable to Related Party (P/Y - ₹ 135.67)

Note 19 : Other current liabilities		(र in Lakhs)
n	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Statuary Dues payable		
-TDS Payable	44.43	19.17
-GST Payable	2.44	0.09
-EPF/ESI Payable	3.60	3.33
Total Other current Liabilities	50.46	22.59

Note 19.1: Current Tax liability		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current Tax Liability	-	-
Less: Taxes paid	-	
Total Net Tax Liability	-	-

Note 20 : Short term provisions		{₹in Lakhs}
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Gratuity	17.82	8.82
Leave Encashment	2.71	2.07
Total Short term provisions	20.54	10.89

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PNC Kanpur Highways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392

Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 21: Revenue from operations

(てin Lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Contract Receipts	1,681.31	-
'Toll Collection	9,223.64	9,198.03
Total revenue from continuing operation	10,904.96	9,198.03

Note 22 : Other Income

(₹in Lakhs)

		1
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Gain/ (Loss) of Redemption of Mutual Fund	519.63	524.12
Gain/ (Loss) on Fair Valuation of Mutual fund	(115.96)	42.45
Interest:		
Interest on Income tax Refund	11.91	1.75
Interest on Deposits	94.41	13.12
her income	3.63	198.80
Total other income	513.63	780.24

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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 23 : Employee Benefit Expenses

(₹in Lakhs)

	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Salaries and Wages	614.18	490.33
Contribution to provident fund	25.42	19.68
Staff Welfare Exp.	0.93	5.83
Total Employee benefit expenses	640.53	515.84

Note 24: Finance Cost

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Interest on term loans	983.46	1,313.76
Bank Charges	11.48	11.69
Total Finance cost	994.94	1,325.45

Note 25: Depreciation and amortization

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Depreciation on Tangible Assets	6.15	6.30
Amortization on Intangible Assets	4,027.84	3,774.38
Total Depreciation and amortization	4,033.98	3,780.68

Note 26: Other Expenses

(₹in Lakhs)

		(₹ in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Power & Fuel	95.55	87.28
Contract Paid*	4,876.52	2,730.28
Rent Expenses	2.68	1.38
Travelling - Others	0.22	0.05
Postage and Telephone	6.13	6.59
Legal expenses	149.50	197.06
Printing and Stationary	3.81	4.06
Cocurity Expenses	6.13	5.36
tes & taxes	590.25	518.28
Insurance Premium	5.60	6.77
Repair &maintence	4.66	7.57
Hire charges of Vehicles	13.75	13.84
Auditor remuneration**	0.75	0.75
Advertisement cost	1.26	2.46
Gratuity Expense	0.54	-
CSR Expenses#	5.00	9.50
Other Exps	24.10	21.45
Major Maintenance Cost	1,039.83	926.14
Total Other Expenses	6,826.28	4,538.83

^{*}Includes ₹4782.88 Lakh to Related Party

Refer to Note No. 37

**Auditor Remuneration Includes:

(₹in Lakhs)

Particulars		Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Audit Fees		0.75	0.75
Total	5 GO26	0.75	0.75
	(27)		

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PNC Kanpur Highways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392

Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 27: Earning Per share

- ((₹i	n La	khs	Exce	pt	EP\$)	
-----	-----	------	-----	------	----	-------	--

		(/ III Lakiis Except Ers)
Particulars	Year ended March 31,	Year ended March 31,
	2022	2021
(a) Profit/(Loss) available to Equity Shareholders (Rs. In lakhs)	(725.73)	117.16
(b) Weighted Average number of Equity Shares	675.00	675.00
(c) Nominal value of Equity Shares (in ₹)	10.00	10.00
(d) Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share ((a)/(b)	(1.08)	0.17

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PNC Kanpur Highways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392

Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 28: Operating Segment Information

The Company operates in only one segment, namely "(DBOT-Toll Collection)" hence there are no reportable segments under Ind AS-108 'Segment Reporting'. Hence, separate business segment information is not applicable.

The directors of the company has been identified as The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The Chief Operating Decision Maker also monitors the operating results as one single segment for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment and hence, there are no additional disclosures to be provided other than those already provided in the financial statements.

No Customer individually accounted for more than 10% of the revenue in the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021.

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PNC Kanpur Highways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392

Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note: 29 Related Party Transactions

(A) List of related parties

(a) Parent Entity

			Ownershi	p Interest
Sr. No.	Name	Туре	As at	As at
			March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1	PNC Infraholdings Limited	Immediate holding	100%	100%

(B) Transactions between related parties

/ Fin Labbet

			(/ iii rawiis)
Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	2020-21	2020-21
	EPC Contract PNC infratech Limited	4,782.28	2,698.86
2	Remuneration	:	
	Sarvesh Kurnar Garg	-	1.46
	Deeksha Garg	1.44	1.44

(C) Balance Outstanding during the year

{₹in Lakhs}

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Amount Payable PNC infratech Limited	446.14	153.16

(D) Terms and Conditions

The transactions with the related parties are made on term equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. The assessment is under taken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and in the market in which the related party operates. tanding balances will be settled in cash.

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PNC Kanpur Mighways Limited CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392

Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 30 : Fair Value Measurement

Amortized Cost actives and active act	As at M				
Amortized Cost 9.05 336.26 345.31				As at March 31, 2021	
20 CF		DOTV	Amortized Cost	FVTPt	PVTOCI
S					
in the second se	- 7,497.55	•	•	7,484,63	•
	- 50'6	•	9.05	•	•
01	336.26	•	490.16	•	•
	345.31 7,497.55	•	499.21	7,484.63	•
COLUMN SALES OF THE COLUMN	10,513.06	•	14,573,96		
£	505.81	•	71.38	•	•
abilities	233.28	•	209.18		
11	11,252.15	•	14,854.52	•	

(I) Fair Value Hierarchy
This section explains the Judgments and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are measured at amortized cost and for which fair values are disclosed in financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of inputs used in determining fair values, the group has classified its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under the accounting standards.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of Company's asset and labilities, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 as described below:-

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3. Valuation techniques for which the fowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

				(Tin Lakhs)
		Fair	Fair Value Measurement using	ing
De de juniore de la companya de la c	Carrying Value March	Carrying Value March Quoted price in Active	Significant	Significant
	31, 2022	Market (Level 1)	Inputs (Level 2)	inputs (Level 3)
(A) Financial Assets and Liabilities measured at amortized cost for				
which fair values are disclosed at March 31, 2022 {}} Financial Assets				
Investments	7,497.55	7,497.55	•	•
Trade Receivables	1	•	4	1
Security Deposit	50'6	,	9.05	•
Total	7,506.60	7,497.55	9.05	
(ii) Financial Liabilities				
Borrowings	10,513.06	•	10,513.06	
Retentions	176.35	-	176.35	
Total	10,689,42	•	10,689,42	



Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022 CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392 PNC Kanpur Highways Limited

(₹in Lakhs unobservable Significant Aputs (Level 3) 14,573.96 152.46 9.05 9.05 Fair Value Messurement observable (Level 2) Inputs Carrying Value March Quoted price in Active 7,484.63 7,484.63 Market (Lovel 1) 7,484.63 14,573.96 152.46 14,726.42 ,493,68 31, 2021 Total Total A) Financial Assets and Liabilities measured at amortized cost for which fair values are disclosed at March 31, 2021 (i) Financial Assets Non Current borrowings (ii) Financial Liabilities Security Deposit Borrowings Investments Particulars 5 Retentions

(ii) Valuation techniques used to determine Fair value
The Company maintains policies and procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. The fair values of the financial assets and ifabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Specific valuation technique used to value financial instrument includes:

the fair value of financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost is determined using discounted cash flow analysis

The following method and assumptions are used to estimate fair values:
The Carrying amounts of trade payables, short term borrowings, cash and cash equivalents, short term deposits/retentions, expenses payable etc. are considered to be their fair value, due to their short term nature.

Long-term fixed-rate and variable-rate receivables / borrowings are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates, specific country risk factors, credit risk and other risk characteristics. For borrowing rate. Risk of non-performance for the company is considered to be insignificant in valuation.

The fair value of trade receivables, security deposits and retentions are evaluated on parameters such as Interest rate and other risk factors Fair value is being determined by using the discounted cash flow (DCF).

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value and the carrying amount is the fair value.

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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022 CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392 PNC Kanpur Highways Limited

Note 31 : FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to manage finances for the Company's operations. The Company principal financial asset includes loan, trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that arise directly from its operations.

The Company's activities are exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk Include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments, and derivative financial instruments.

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks.

(a) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Company's position with regard to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of the fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in Its total portfolio

(i) The exposure of group borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of reporting period are as follows:

	:	(Kin Lakhs)
*** ***	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Variable rate borrowings	7,276.26	10,509.96
Fixed rate barrowings	•	•
Total borrowings	7,276.26	10,509.96

[i] As at the end of reporting period, the company had the following variable rate borrowings and interest rate swap contracts outstanding:

(Kin Lakhs)

		March 31, 2022			March 31, 202	
Particulars	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total loans	Weighted average Interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total loans
Term Loan	%99°8	7,276.26	100.00%	9.23%	96'605'01	100.00%
Net exposure to cash flow interest rate risk	8.66%	7,276.26	100.00%	9.23%	10,509.95	100.00%

(iii) Sensitivity Profit/loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

and the first	Increase/ Decrea	He in Basis Points	ուլ սօ բա ժայ	it before Tax
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
INR	+50	+\$0	36.38	-52.55
	- 50	- 50	36.38	52.55



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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

(b) Foreign Currency Risk

The Company does not operates internationally and as the Company has not obtained any foreign currency loans and also doesn't have any foreign currency trade payables and foreign recelvables outstanding therefore, the company is not exposed to any foreign exchange risk.

(r) Drive Dich

The company does not have any investments in equity and commodity at the current year and and previous year. Therefore the company is not exposed to price risk.

II. Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial conditions, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of assets and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an on going basis through each reporting period. To assess whether there is significant increase in credit risk, it considers reasonable and supportive forward tooking information such as:

The company's only source of revenue is from toll collection which is mostly collected in cash by company and only trade receivables that a company has are against the the grant to be received, which is a government authority ,therefore company is not exposed to any credit risk. Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as we generally invest in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

III. Liquidity Risk

and collateral requirements. The Company's management is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risk are overseen by senior management. Liguldity isk is defined as the risk that company will not be able to settle or meet its obligation on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash Management monitors the company's net liquidity position through rolling, forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments:

As at March 31, 2022	Carrying Amount	On Demand	Less than One Year	More than one year and less than three year	More than 3 Years	Total
Borrowings	10,513.06		5,783.40	4,735,50		10,518.90
Trade payables	505.81		505.81	•	•	505.81
Other Liabilities	233.28	,	233.28		-	233.28
Total	11,252,15	•	6,522.49	4,735.50		11,257.99

						(K in Lakhs)
As at March 31, 2021	Carrying Amount	On Demand	Less than One Year	More than one year and less than three year	More than 3 Years	Total
Borrowings	14,573.96		4,064.00	9,332.80	1,177.16	14,573.96
Trade payables	71.38	•	71.38		,	71.38
Other Liabilities	209.18	•	209.18			209.18
Total	14,854.52	•	4,344.56	9,332.80	1,177.16	14,854,52

Financing arrangements

The company does not have any undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of reporting period of previous periods.

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PNC Kanpur Highways Limited
CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392
Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 32: Contingent Liabilities

- (₹	in	La.	khs	ì

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		(c in rakus)
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts	-	
	•	
Contingent liability towards claim raised by PNC Infratech Limited for the EPC Project including interest		
thereon which is payable by the Company on back to back basis only upon realisation the same from NHAI	43,899.80	43,899.80
in terms of MOU dated 14th September 2018 between the Company and PNC Infratech Limited		

Note 32.1: Contingent Assets

The Company has a pending arbitration case against National Highways Authority of India (NHAI) arising out of the Concession Agreement executed on 11.03.2011 for development of "Two Laning with paved shoulders of Kanpur to Kabrai Section of NH-86 from Km.7.430 to Km.130.100 in the State of Uttar Pradesh on Design, Build, Finance, Operate and Transfer (DBFOT) on Toll Basis". The Company has raised claims for total amount ₹ 61,876.10 Lakhs including interest in the said Arbitration against NHAI. The arbitration proceedings have since been concluded, an award of ₹ 51100.00 Lakhs have been awarded in company's favor.

Note 33 : Tax Expense

A. Income Tax Expenses

		(₹in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year ended Murch 31,	Year ended March 31,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2022	2021
(a) Tax adjustments for earlier years		
Taxes for earlier years	25.54	l .
(b) Current tax		
Current tax on profit for the year		_
Total Current tax expense	25.54	
(c) Deferred tax		-
(Decrease) increase in deferred tax Dabilities	(275.96)	11.04
(Increase) Decrease in deferred tax Assets	(100.99)	
Total Deferred Tax Expenses	(376.95)	
Total Income tan Expense	[351.41]	(299.69)

(B) Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Profit & Loss before tax	(1,077.14)	(182.52)
Tax at Indian Tax Rate of 26% (F.Y. 2019-20-26.00%)		
Deferred tax recognized during the year Taxes for earlier years	(376.95) 25.54	(299.69)
Total tax expenses as per profit and loss	(351.41)	(299.69)



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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 34 Details of Employee Benefit Expenses

The disclosure required by IND AS -19 " Employee Benefits" are as under-

(a) Defined Benefit Plan

The Liability for Employee Gratuity is determined on actuarial valuation using projected unit credit method.

The obligations are as under:-

(₹ in Lakhs)

S. Na.	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
A	Change in defined benefit obligation	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
1.	Defined benefit obligation at beginning of period	45.79	30.35
2.	Service cost	1	
	a. Current service cost	16.13	12.18
	b. Past service cost	-	-
	c. (Gain) / loss on settlements	-	_
3.	Interest expenses	2.96	1.97
4.	Cash flows		
	a. Benefit payments from plan	-0.54	-
	b. Benefit payments from employer	-	
	c. Settlement payments from plan	-	-
	d. Settlement payments from employer	-	-
5.	Remeasurements	1	
	a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions	0.00	0.00
	b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions	0.00	0.00
	c. Effect of experience adjustments	0.79	1.2
6.	Transfer in /Out		
-	a. Transfer in	- 1	
	b. Transfer out	- 1	-
7.	Defined benefit obligation at end of period	65.13	45.79
В.	Change in fair value of plan assets	31-03-2022	31-03-202
1.	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	27.73	21.93
2.	Interest income	1.88	1.61
3.	Cash flows		
	a. Total employer contributions		
	(i) Employer contributions	2.12	4.38
	(ii) Employer direct benefit payments	-	-
	(iii) Employer direct settlement payments	-	-
	b. Participant contributions	-	-
	c. Benefit payments from plan assets	-0.54	-
	d. Benefit payments from employer	-	-
	e. Settlement payments from plan assets	-	-
	f. Settlement payments from employer		
4.	Remeasurements		
•	a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	-1.10	-0.1
5.	Transfer in /Out		
	a. Transfer In		-
	b. Transfer out		
6.	Fair value of plan assets at end of period	30.10	27.73
C.	Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet	31-03-2022	31-03-202
1.	Defined benefit obligation	65.13	45.79
2.	Fair value of plan assets	-30.10	-27.7
3.	Funded status	35.03	18.0
J. 4.	Effect of asset ceiling		•
 5.	Net defined benefit liability (asset)	35.03	18.00
J .	l let defined benefit hadding (asset)		



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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 34 Details of Employee Benefit Expenses

The disclosure required by IND AS -19 " Employee Benefits" are as under-

Defined Benefit Plan

The Liability for Employee Gratuity is determined on actuarial valuation using projected unit credit method .

The obligations are as under:-

<u> </u>	₹	ın	Lakhs)
	-		

5 31.	Table 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		(₹in Lakhs
5. No.	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
D.	Components of defined benefit cost	31-03-2022	31-03-202
1.	Service cost		
	a. Current service cost	16.13	12.18
	b. Past service cost	-	-
	c. (Gain) / loss on settlements	-	-
	d. Total service cost	16.13	12.18
2.	Net interest cost		
	a. Interest expense on DBO	2.96	1.97
	b. Interest (income) on plan assets	1.88	1.61
	c. Interest expense on effect of (asset ceiling)	- 1	-
	d. Total net interest cost	1.08	0.36
3.	Remeasurements (recognized in OCI)		
	a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions	0.00	0.0
	b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions	0.00	0.0
	c. Effect of experience adjustments	0.79	1.29
	d. (Return) on plan assets (excluding interest income)	-1.10	-0.1
	e. Changes in asset ceiling (excluding interest income)	0.00	0.0
	f. Total remeasurements included in OCI	1.89	1.4
4.	Total defined benefit cost recognized in P&L and OCI	19.10	14.0
E.	Re-measurement	31-03-2022	31-03-202
	a. Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO	0.79	1.2
	b. Returns above Interest Income	-1.10	-0.1
	c. Change in Asset ceiling	0.00	0.0
	Total Re-measurements (OCI)	1.89	1.4
F.	 Employer Expense (P&L)	31-03-2022	31-03-202
	a. Current Service Cost	16.13	12.18
	b. Interest Cost on net DBO	1.08	0.36
	c. Past Service Cost	- [-
	d. Total P& L Expenses	17.21	12.54
G.	Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation	31-03-2022	31-03-202
1.	Net defined benefit liability (asset)	35.03	8.42
2.	Defined benefit cost included in P&L	17.21	12.54
3.	Total remeasurements included in OCI	1.89	1.4
4.	a. Employer contributions	-2.12	-4.3
	b. Employer direct benefit payments	-	-
	c. Employer direct settlement payments	-	-
5.	Net transfer	-	-
6.	Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period	35.03	18.06
H.	Reconciliation of OCI (Re-measurment)	31-03-2022	31-03-202
1.	Recognised in OCI at the beginning of period	-11.57	-13.0
2.	Recognised in OCI during the period	1.89	1.4
3.	Recognised in OCI at the end of the period	-9.69	-11.5

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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 34 Details of Employee Benefit Expenses

The disclosure required by IND AS -19 " Employee Benefits" are as under-

Defined Benefit Plan

The Liability for Employee Gratulty is determined on actuarial valuation using projected unit credit method .

The obligations are as under:-

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S. No.	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
I.	Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
1.	Discount rate +100 basis points	63.16	44.39
2.	Discount rate -100 basis points	67.24	47.30
3.	Salary Increase Rate +1%	66.93	47.08
4.	Salary Increase Rate -1%	63.42	44.57
5.	Attrition Rate +1%	65.01	45.70
6 .	Attrition Rate -1%	65.24	45.88
J.	Significant actuarial assumptions	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
1.	Discount rate Current Year	6.50%	6.50%
2.	Discount rate Previous Year	7.00%	7.00%
3.	Salary increase rate	5.00%	5.00%
4.	Attrition Rate	25.00%	25.00%
5.	Retirement Age	60	60
		Indian Assured Lives	Indian Assured Lives
		Mortality (2012-14)	Mortality (2012-14)
6.	Pre-retirement mortality	Ultimate	Ultimate
7.	Disability	Nil	Nil

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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 35: Details of Employee Benefit Expenses

The disclosure required by IND AS -19 " Employee Benefits" are as under-

Defined Benefit Plan

The Liability for Employee Leave Encashment is determined on acturial valuation using projected unit credit method .

The obligations are as under:-

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			(₹in Lakhs)
S. No.	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
A.	Change in defined benefit obligation	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
1.	Defined benefit obligation at beginning of period	9.39	5.98
2.	Service cost	i	
	a. Current service cost	2.69	2.18
	b. Past service cost	-	
	c. (Gain) / loss on settlements	1 - 1	
	Interest expenses	0.61	0.39
4.	Cash flows		
	a. Benefit payments from plan	-	•
	b. Benefit payments from employer	- [•
l	c. Settlement payments from plan	-	•
ļ	d.Settlement payments from employer	- +	-
5.	Remeasurements		
1	a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions		
	b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions	0.00	0.00
	c. Effect of experience adjustments	-0.71	0.85
6.	Transfer In /Out	}	
	a. Transfer In	-	-
	b. Transfer out		
7.	Defined benefit obligation at end of period	11.98	9.39
В.	Change in fair value of plan assets	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
1.	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	-	-
2.	Interest income	-	-
3.	Cash flows		
į .	a. Total employer contributions		
	(i) Employer contributions	-	-
	(ii) Employer direct benefit payments	-	-
	(iii) Employer direct settlement payments	-	-
1	b. Participant contributions	-	-
	c. Benefit payments from plan assets	-	-
	d. Benefit payments from employer		-
	e. Settlement payments from plan assets	-	-
	f. Settlement payments from employer	- 1 · 1	-
4.	Remeasurements		
	a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)	·	-
5.	Transfer In /Out		
	a. Transfer In	-	-
1	b. Transfer out	- [-
6.	Fair value of plan assets at end of period	-	-
C.	Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
1.	Defined benefit obligation	11.98	9.39
2.	Fair value of plan assets		
3.	Funded status	[11.98	9.39
4.	Effect of asset ceiling	i -	-
5.	Net defined benefit liability (asset)	11.98	9.39

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Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 35: Details of Employee Benefit Expenses

The disclosure required by IND AS -19 " Employee Benefits" are as under-

Defined Benefit Plan

The Liability for Employee Leave Encashment is determined on acturial valuation using projected unit credit method.

The obligations are as under:-

{₹ in Lakhs	١
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S. No.	Particulars Particulars	2021-22	(₹ in Lakh: 2020-21
D.	Components of defined benefit cost	31-03-2022	31-03-202
1.	Service cost	1	
	a. Current service cost	2.69	2.1
	b. Past service cost	- 1	-
	c. (Gain) / loss on settlements		_
	d. Total service cost	2.69	2,1
2.	Net interest cost	1 1	
	a. Interest expense on DBO	0.61	0.3
	b. Interest (income) on plan assets	- 1	_
	c. Interest expense on effect of (asset ceiling)	-	_
	d. Total net interest cost	0.61	0.3
3.	Remeasurements (recognized in OCI)		
	a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions	0.00	0.0
	b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions	0.00	0.0
	c. Effect of experience adjustments	-0.71	0.
	d. (Return) on plan assets (excluding interest income)		-
	e. Changes in asset ceiling (excluding interest income)	-	-
	f. Total remeasurements included in OCI	-0.71	0.
4.	Total defined benefit cost recognized in P&L and OCI	2.59	3.
E.	Re-measurement	31-03-2022	31-03-20
	a. Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO	-0.71	0.
	b. Returns above Interest Income		-
	c. Change in Asset ceiling		•
	Total Re-measurements (OCI)	-0.71	0.
F.	Employer Expense (P&L)	31-03-2022	31-03-20
	a. Current Service Cost	2.69	2.1
	b. Interest Cost on net DBO	0.61	0.3
	c. Past Service Cost	-	-
	d. Total P&L Expenses	2.59	3.
G.	Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation	31-03-2022	31-03-20
1.	Net defined benefit liability (asset)	9.39	5.9
2.	Defined benefit cost included in P&L	2.59	3.
3.	Total remeasurements included in OCI	-	-
4.	a. Employer contributions	-	-
	b. Employer direct benefit payments	-	-
	c. Employer direct settlement payments	- 1	-
5.	Net transfer	-	-
6 .	Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period	11.98	9.
н.	Reconciliation of OCI (Re-measurment)	31-03-2022	31-03-20
1.	Recognised in OCI at the beginning of period	-2.74	-3.
2.	Recognised in OCI during the period	-0.71	0.3
3.	Recognised in OCI at the end of the period	-3.46	-2.

Notes to financial statement as at and for the Year Ended on March 31, 2022

Note 35: Details of Employee Benefit Expenses

The disclosure required by IND AS -19 " Employee Benefits" are as under-

Defined Benefit Plan

The Liability for Employee Leave Encashment is determined on acturial valuation using projected unit credit method .

The obligations are as under:-

(₹in Lakhs)

			(V III LAKIIS)
5. No.	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
I.	Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
1.	Discount rate +100 basis points	11.64	9.12
2.	Discount rate -100 basis points	12.35	9.68
3.	Salary Increase Rate +1%	12.29	9.64
4.	Salary Increase Rate -1%	11.69	9.16
5.	Attrition Rate +1%	12.01	9.41
6.	Attrition Rate -1%	11.96	9.37
J.	Significant actuarial assumptions	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
1.	Discount rate Current Year	6.50%	6.50%
2.	Discount rate Previous Year	6.50%	6.50%
3.	Salary increase rate	5.0%	5.0%
4.	Attrition Rate	25.0%	25.0%
5.	Retirement Age	60	60
		IALM(2012-14)	IALM(2012-14)
6.	Pre-retirement mortality	Ultimate	Ultimate
7.	Disability	Nil	Nil



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The following are analytical ratios for the year ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2021 Note No. 36 :- Ratio Disclosure CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392 PNC Kanpur Highways Limited

I Ne TOIK	The following are analytical ratios for the year ended march 31, 2022 and march 31, 2021	17			
					Year ended
Sr. No.	Sr. No. Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	Variances	Reason for variance > 25%
	Current Ratio (times)				Due to increase in trade payable in comperision to
	(Current Assets)/Current Liabilities excluding current maturities of Long term borrowings)	11.79	30.18	-60.9%	the previous yaer ended March 31, 2021.
	Debt-Equity Ratio (times)				
7	(Long-term borrowings +Short-term borrowings Including current maturities of long term borrowings)/(Equity Share Capital Other Equity)	1.03	1.33	-22.8%	
	Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) (tímes)				
"	(PBT +Finance Cost +Depreciation + Exceptional Item)/Finance Cost + Lease	0 93	1 07	-12.6%	
1	Payment +Principal repayment of Long Term Debt Excluding Pre-payment)	S	2:	70.31	
,	Return on Equity Ratio (%)	7 000	1.079	9,	
*	(PAT)/(Equity Share Capital +Other Equity Equity)	-/.00%	1.07%	-0.1%	
	Inventory turnover Ratio (times)				
u	(Cost of Goods sold)/(Average inventory)	•	,	96	
1	Cost of Goods sold = Cost of materials consumed +Contract Paid+	•	1	8	
	Construction expenses				
¥	Trade Receivable turnover Ratio (times)	43.59	Ą	Ą	
,]	(Revenue from operation)/(Average Trade Receivable)	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		£	
7	Trade Payable turnover Ratio (times)	16 90	PE EE	76E 07.	Average Creditor has been increased during Year
	(Contract Paid)/ (Average Creditor)	20.01	¥5.55		Ended March 31, 2022.
	Net Capital turnover Ratio (times)				
80	(Revenue from operation)/(CA - CL (Excluding Current Maturity of Long term Borrowings)	1.16	86:0	18.5%	
٥	Net Profit Ratio (%)	70000	2000	7 00/	
h	(PAT)/Revenue from operation	-0.00%	1.2779	./.J%	
	Return on Capital employed (%)				
10	(EBITDA)/Capital employed (Capital Employed :- Total Assets - Current	15.19%	16.55%	-1.4%	
- -	Liability Excluding Current Maturities of Long term Borrowing)				
:	Return on Investment (%)	7 JOB	9000	3.46	
:]	[PAT]/Total Assets	-2.10%	W.55.70	-3.1.70	





Note No. 37 :- Disclosure on CSR Expenses CIN: U45400DL2011PLC212392 PNC Kanpur Highways Limited

			(₹ in Lakhs)
Sr. No.	Sr. No. Particulars	Year Ended 31st March 2022	Year Ended 31st March 2021
1	Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	4.99	9.32
7	Amount of expenditure incurred	200:5	9.50
8	(Shortfall) Excess at the end of the year	0.01	0.18
4	Total of previous years (shortfall) Excess	0.18	•
5	Reason for shortfall	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
φ	Nature of CSR activities	Promoting Healthcare, Poverty and Malnutrition, Eradicating Hunger and making available safe drinking water	Promoting Healthcare, Poverty and Malnutrition, Eradicating Hunger and making available safe drinking water

