

# **RMA & ASSOCIATES LLP**

Chartered Accountants LLPIN: AAI-9419 (ISO 9001:2015) Address : First Floor, 95, National Park, Lajpat Nagar IV, New Delhi - 110024 Phone : 011-49097836 Email : carahulv@gmail.com Website : www.rma-ca.com

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

UDIN: 20097881AAAAEQ9253

To the Members of PNC Delhi Industrial Infra Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the IND AS Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the IND AS Financial Statements of PNC Delhi Industrial Infra Private Limited (the "company"), which comprises of IND AS Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2020, and the statement of Profit and Loss including statement of Other Comprehensive Income, and statement of cash flows and Statement of changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the IND AS Financial Statements summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid IND AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and the statement of Profit and Loss including Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, and Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the IND AS Financial Statements summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for The Audit of IND AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the IND AS Financial Statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the IND AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's report but does not include the IND AS Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the IND AS Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the IND AS Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the IND AS Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibility of Management for IND AS Financial Statements

The company's Board of Directors is IND AS Financial Statements for the matters stated in section of 134(5) of the companies act, 2013 with respect to the preparation of these IND AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the IND AS Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for Audit of IND AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the IND AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these IND AS Financial Statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the IND AS Financial Statements.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c. The Balance Sheet, and the statement of Profit and Loss, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the IND AS Financial Statements, summary of significant accounting



policies and other explanatory information dealt with in this report are in agreement with the books of accounts.

- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid IND AS Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its IND AS Financial Statements - Refer to note 35 to the IND AS Financial Statements.
  - the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

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For RMA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 000978N/N500062

Behalveshisker New Delhi CA Rahul Vashishth Partner M.No.097881

Place of Signature: Agra Date: 22-06-2020 ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EVEN DATE ON THE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PNC DELHI INDUSTRIAL INFRA PRIVATE LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the IND AS Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the IND AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting
  and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to
  events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a
  going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw
  attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the IND AS Financial Statements or,
  if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit
  evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions
  may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the IND AS Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the IND AS Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

> For RMA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 000978N/N500062

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CA Rahul Vashishth Partner M.No.097881

Place of Signature: Agra Date: 22-06-2020

# ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PNC DELHI INDUSTRIAL INFRA PRIVATE LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading 'Report on Other Legal & Regulatory Requirement' of our report of even date to the IND AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March,2020:

- 1)
- a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- b. The Fixed Assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased manner, designed to cover all the items over a period of three years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its business. Pursuant to the program, a portion of the fixed asset has been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book's records and the physical fixed assets have been noticed.
- c. No immovable property is held in the name of the company; hence this clause is not applicable.
- 2) There is no Inventory in the company, hence clause 2(a) and 2(b) is not applicable.
- 3) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability partnerships or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iii) (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 4) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- 5) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits

accepted from the public are not applicable.

6) As informed to us, the maintenance of Cost Records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the company.

7) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, Sales tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, CSS and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities and there are no arrears of outstanding statutory dues on the last day of the financial year concerned (31.03.2020) for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no tax dues outstanding on account of dispute.
- 8) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company

has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to banks.

- 9) Based on the audit procedures performed and information and explanations given to us by the management, the company has not raised moneys raised by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) a term loan. Hence the provisions of clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- 10) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- 11) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, there was no managerial remuneration paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act. Therefore clause 3(xi) is not applicable.
- 12) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Hence this clause is not applicable on it.
- 13) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the IND AS Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 15) Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 16) In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For RMA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 000978N/N500062

New Del CA Rahul Vashishth Partner M.No.097881 Place of Signature: Agra Date: 22-06-2020

ANNEXURE C TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PNC DELHI INDUSTRIAL INFRA PRIVATE LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

[Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report.]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (I) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of PNC Agra Industrial Infra Private Limited as of March 31, 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the IND AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on these responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the IND AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of IND AS Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that



 Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;

(2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of IND AS Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and

(3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the IND AS Financial Statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020.

> For RMA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN: 000978N/N500062

ashalth New Delhi Rahul Vashishth Partner M.No.097881

Place of Signature: Agra Date: 22-06-2020 PNC Delhi Industrialinfra Private Limited CIN:U45200DL2011PTC222046 Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020

_	(Amount in Lakhs					
		Particulars	Notes	As at March 31,2020	As at March 31, 2019	
	ASSETS					
1)	Non - current assets	2				
	(a) Property, plant and equipment		3-4	42.85	40.33	
	(b) Financial assets					
	(i) Trade receivables		5	15,759.91	16,973.27	
		Sub Total (Non Current Assets)		15,802.77	17,013.61	
2)	Current assets					
33	(a) Financial assets					
	(i) investments		6	1,677.40	24	
	(ii) Trade receivables		7	2,226.31	8,671,71	
	(ili) Cash and cash equivalents		8	1,506.39	185.76	
	(v) Other Financial Assets		9	17.81	8.78	
	(b) Other current assets		10	164.51	47.82	
		Sub Total (Current Assets)	1998	5,592.40	8,914.05	
		Total Assets ( A+B )		21,395.17	25,927.67	
DQ(	UITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	(a) Equity share capital		11	3,500.00	3,500.00	
	(b) Other equity		12	9,189.18	3,914.99	
	(b) Other equity	Sub Total (Equity)	44	12,689.18	7,414.99	
		1000 J. 40 X 1 10 X				
	LIABILITIES					
(1)	Non - current liabilities					
	(a) Financial liabilities	· 2		4.072.02		
	(i) Borrowings		13	4,972.53	6,651.34	
	(b) Deffered Tax Liability		14	1,431.55	1,750.58	
	(c) Provisions		15	14.47	17.66	
		Sub Total (Non Current Liability)		6,418.55	8,419.59	
2)	Current Rabilities					
	(a) Financial liabilities					
	(i) Borrowings	24	16	a constitue	7,600.00	
	<li>(ii) Trade payables</li>	0.2	17	478.21	72.63	
	(iii) Other financial liabilities		18	1,768.12	2,367.34	
	(b) Other current liabilities		19	11.00	32.40	
	(c) Provisions		15.1	7.54	5.11	
	(d) Current tax Sability		20	22.57	15.61	
		Sub Total (Current Liability)		2,287.44	10,093.09	
		Total Equity & Liabilities		21,395.17	25,927.67	

In Terms of our report of even date

For RMA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN-000978N/N500062

CA Rahul Vashishtha Partner M.No. 097881

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Date: 22.06.2020 Place:Agra

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Talluri Raghupati Rao Director DIN-01207205

Athish Jain Managing Director DIN-03499171

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Sachin Paroliya CFO

**Company Secretary** 

Chhavi Dixit

On Behalf of the Board

# CIN:U45200DL2011PTC222046

Statement of profit and loss for the Period ended on March 31, 2020

	Particulars		Note	Period ended on March 31, 2020	Period ended on March 31, 2019
1	Revenue from Operations		21	2,951.99	3,006.01
н	Other income		22	6,260.50	10.11
111		Total Income ( I+II )		9,212.49	3,016.12
IV	Expenses :				
	Employee benefit expense		23	249.44	204.02
	Finance Cost		24	844.50	1,653.39
	Depreciation and amortization expenses		25	6.44	3.75
	Other Expenses	19	26	2,115.54	1,067.86
		Total Expenses (IV)		3,215.93	2,929.02
v	Profit/{Loss} before tax (III-IV)			5,996.56	87.10
VI.	Tax expense :				
	Current tax	12	20	1,047.72	16.76
	Deferred tax		14.1	(320.68)	82.02
	Prior year current tax adjustment			-	64.89
VII	Profit & (Loss) for the period (V-VI)			5,269.52	(76.56)
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income				
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss				
	- Acturial Gain and (losses) on defined benefit plans			6.31	2.25
	(ii) Income tax relating to above items			(1.64)	(0.70)
1X	Total Comprehensive Income for the period ( VII+VIII)			5,274.19	(75.02)
	Earning per equity share (for continuing operation) (1) Basic & Diluted	<u>()</u> .	28	15.06	(0.22)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

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In Terms of our report of even date

For RMA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN-000978N/N500062

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CA Rahul Vashishtha Partner M.No. 097881

Date: 22.06.2020 Place:Agra On Behalf of the Board

Talluri Raghupati Rao Director

DIN-01207205

Ashish Jain Managing Director DIN-03499171

Sachin Paroliya

Chhavi Dixit Company Secretary

CFO

## CIN:U452000L2011PTC222046

Statement of cash flow for the year ended as on March 31, 2020

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Particulars	Year Ended March 31,2020	Year Ended March 31,2019	
A Cold Firm Anna Compliant Anthony	4		
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities	CONTRACTOR OF	87.10	
Net Profit /(Loss) before Tax & after exception	sal items 5,996.56	87.10	
Adjustment for:			
Add/(Less): Interest received			
	(204.60)	(10.1)	
Gain/Loss on fair valuation of Mutual Funds	(35.56)	5	
Gain/Loss on sale of Mutual Funds	(21.83)		
Finance cost	844.50	1,653.36	
Depreciation	6.44	3.75	
Other non-operating Income	(5,998.51)		
Other non-cash items		(79.40	
Operating Profit / (Loss) before working capita	al changes 587.00	1,654.73	
Adjustment fo Changes in Working Capital			
Increase/Decrease in trade payable	405.57	23.81	
Increase/Decrease in other current Liabilities	(1,662.03)	620.15	
Increase/Decrease in Provisions	6.20	3.21	
Increse/Decrease in Trade recievables	7,658.77	(797.90	
Increase/Decrease in Current assets	(125.72)	5.27	
Cash Generated from/(used) from operating a	ctivities 6,869.80	1,509.31	
Direct Taxes Paid		. Unerticate	
Cash Generated from/(used) from operating a	ctivities (A) 6,869.80	1,509.31	
I. Cash Flow from Investing Activities	-		
Interest received	204.60	10.11	
Investments purchased	(2.802.83)	10.1.1	
Sale of Mutual funds	(2,802,83)	-	
Other non-operating income	5,998.51		
Purchase of Fixed Asset	. (8.97)	(23.46	
Net Cash ( used in) / from Investing Activities		(13.35	
states of the source		1	
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities			
Repayment of Term Loans	(9,278.81)	(276.00	
Loan raised		500.00	
Finance cost	(844.50)	(1,653.39	
Net Cash (used in) / from Financing Activities	(C) (10,123.31)	(1,429.39	
Net Cash Increase in cash & Cash equivalents (	(A+B+C) 1,320.63	66.57	
Cash & Cash equivalents in beginning	185.76	119.19	
Cash & Cash equivalents as at the end	1,505.39	185.76	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

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In Terms of our report of even date For RMA & Associates LLP **Chartered Accountants** FRN-000978N/00005N

CA Rahul Vashishtha Partner M.No. 097881

Date:22.06.2020 Place: Agra On Behalf of the Board

# Tailuri Raghupati Rao Director DIN-01207205

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DIN-03499171

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Chhavi Dixit Company Secretary Sachin Par CFO

# CIN:U45200DL2011PTC222046

Statement of changes In equity for the year ended as on March 31, 2020

A. Equity Share Capital		(Amount in Lakhs)
As at April 1, 2019	Changes during the year	As at March 31, 2020
3,500.00		3,500.00

# **B.** Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves & Su	rplus
Particulars	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2019	3,914.99	3,914.99
Profit for the year	5,269.52	5,269.52
Other Comprehensive Income	4.67	4.67
Total comprehensive income for the Period	5,274.19	5,274.19
Balance as at March 31, 2020	9,189.18	9,189.18

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

In Terms of our report of even date

For RMA & Associates LLP Chartered Accountants FRN-000978N/00005N

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CA Rahul Vashishtha Partner M.No. 097881

Date:22.06.2020 Place: Agra



On Behalf of the Board

Ashish Jain

Talluri Raghupati Rao Director DIN-01207205

Managing Director DIN-03499171

Chhavi Dixit Company Secretary

Sachin Paroliya CFO

# PNC Delhi Industrialinfra Private Limited CIN U45200DL2011PTC222046 2. Notes to financial statement as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### **Significant Accounting Policies**

#### **Company Overview:**

The company has been awarded the "Re-Development and Management of Narela Industrial Area in Delhi" and the collected fees to be retained and appropriate as per concession agreement Dated 19.07.2011 with DSI/DC.

# **1.Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian accounting standards notified under sec 133 of the companies act 2013. [the Act ][Companies(Indian accounting standard)Rules, 2015] and other relevant provision of the act. The financial statement upto year ended 31st march 2019 were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under companies (accounting standard) Rules 2006(as amended) and other relevant provision of the Act. These financial statements are the first financial statements of the company under Ind AS.

#### 1(a)Historical Cost convention

These Financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for Certain financial assets & Liabilities measured at fair value.

#### 2.Significant Accounting policies adopted by company in preparation of financial statements

#### Property Plant & Equipment:

Under the previous Indian GAAP, property plant and equipment other than investment property were carried in the balance sheet on the basis of historical cost. The company has regarded the same as deemed cost & presented same values in Ind- AS complaint financials after applying Para D5 of Appendix D of Ind AS 101(First time adoption of Ind AS).

Plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs for long-term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

#### Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Plant & Equipment-10 Years (WDV Basis) Furniture & Fixtures-10 Years Vehicles- 8 Years Laboratory Instruments-10 Years Office Equipment- 5 Years Computers- 3 Years

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

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#### Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity

#### initial recognition and measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

(i) Financial Asset at amortized cost

(ii)Financial Asset At Fair Value through OCI

(iii)Financial Asset at Fair value through P&L

#### Financial Asset at amortized cost

A 'Financial Asset' is measured at the amortized cost if both the following conditions are met:

a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included in finance income in the profit or loss.

#### Financial Asset at Fair value through OCI-

A 'Financial Asset' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and

b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.Financial Asset included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI)

#### Financial Asset at fair Value through P&L

FVTPL is a residual category for Financial Assets. Any financial asset, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the group may elect to designate a Financial asset, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL.

However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch').

#### **Equity Instruments**

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. For equity instruments, the company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable if the group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI.

#### Derognisition of Financial asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized when:

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either

(a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or

(b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

#### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of

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impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortized cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance

b) Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured as at FVTOCI

c) Lease receivables under Ind AS 17

d) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115 (referred to as 'contractual revenue receivables' in these illustrative financial statements)

e) Loan commitments which are not measured as at FVTPL

f) Financial guarantee contracts which are not measured as at FVTPL

For recognition of impairment loss financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

#### **Financial Liabilities**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Subsequent Measurement

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the profit or loss.

#### **Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost**

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

## **Financial guarantee**

#### Derecognisition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

#### **Provisions, Contingent liabilities**

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss if the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

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#### A contingent liability is disclosed in case of;

a present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation;

a present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible ;

a possible obligation arising from past events, unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets and commitments are reviewed at each balance sheet date

#### Service Concession Agreements

The Company constructs & upgrades infrastructure (construction or upgrade.services) used to provide a public service and operates and maintains that infrastructure (operation services) for a specified period of time.

These arrangements may include infrastructure used in a public-to-private service concession arrangement for its entire useful life.

Under Appendix C to Ind AS 115 – Service Concession Arrangements, these arrangements are accounted for based on the nature of the consideration. The Financial asset model is used to the extent that the operator has an unconditional contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from or at the direction of the grantor for the construction services.

Income from the concession arrangements earned under the Financial asset model consists of the (i) fair value of the amount due from the grantor, which is deemed to be fair value of the consideration transferred to acquire the asset;

Any asset carried under concession agreements is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its future use or disposal.

## Revenue related to SCA :

Revenue related to construction under a service concession arrangement is recognized based on the stage of completion of the work performed

#### Determination of fair values of trade receivables

The receivable is measured initially at fair value. It is subsequently measured at amortized cost, i.e. the amount initially recognized plus the cumulative interest on that amount minus repayments. The company has measured the trade receivable at cost plus 16% markup initially at FVTPL which are measured subsequently at amortized cost.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

The company has recognized Finance income on the outstanding balance of trade receivables as a part of revenue from operations.

#### Interest Income

For all debt instruments measured either at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortized cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

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#### **Current Income Tax**

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Current income tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

## **Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, are recognized subsequently if new information about facts and circumstances change. Acquired deferred tax benefits recognized within the measurement period reduce goodwill related to that acquisition if they result from new information obtained about facts and circumstances existing at the acquisition date. If the carrying amount of goodwill is zero, any remaining deferred tax benefits are recognized in OCI/ capital reserve depending on the principle explained for bargain purchase gains. All other acquired tax benefits realized are recognized in profit or loss.

#### Sales/ value added taxes paid on acquisition of assets or on incurring expenses

When the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case, the tax paid is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item, as applicable. When receivables and payables are stated with the amount of tax included. Thenet amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

#### **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

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#### **Employee benefits**

Provident Fund: The contribution to provident fund is in the nature of defined contribution plan. The Company makes contribution to statutory provident fund in accordance with the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952. The contribution paid or payable is recognized as an expense in the period in which services are rendered.

Gratuity (Funded): Gratuity is in the nature of defined benefit plan. The cost is determined using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuation being carried at cash at each Balance Sheet date by an independent actuary. The retirement benefits obligation recognized in the Balance Sheet represent the present value of defined benefit obligation as adjusted for recognized past service cost. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in full in the other comprehensive income for the period in which they occur

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., and the expected cost of bonus, ex-gratia are recognized during the period in which the employee renders related service.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

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Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 3: Property Plant & Equipment

Network Control of Con		t also saturat	NAMES OF BRIDE OF BRIDE	ACCESSION 1	Cost Andreas	Furniture &	C. C
Particulars	Plant & equipment	Laboratory Instruments	Office equipment	Vehicles	Computers	fixtures	Total
Gross carrying value							
At April 01, 2019	24.84	19.33	5.41	2.94	0.28	0.41	53.20
Addition during the year	0.03		0.41	8.52			8.97
Disposal / Adjustments			1.1000		~~~		
At March 31, 2020	24.87	19.33	5.83	11.46	0.28	0.41	62.17
Accumulated Depreciation			-		Second		
At April 01, 2019	2.45	6.27	2.99	0.85	0.26	0.05	12.87
Addition during the year	3.02	1.84	1.08	0.45	0.01	0.04	6.44
Disposal / Adjustments	513104						
At March 31, 2020	5.47	8.10	4.08	1.30	0.27	0.09	19.31
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2020	19.40	11.23	1.75	10.16	0.00	0.32	42.86

#### Note 4: Intangible Assets

HARD-AD THE DIASE DISEON		(4	Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Website	Software	Total
Gross carrying value			
At April 01, 2019	0.93	3.06	3.99
Addition during the year			
Disposal / Adjustments			
At March 31, 2020	• 0.93	3.06	3.99
Amortisation	8 J	1.1.1.1	
At April 01, 2019	0.93	3.06	3.99
Addition during the year		S. 1	-
Disposal / Adjustments			•
At March 31, 2020	0.93	3.06	3.99
Net carrying value as at March 31, 2020			

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Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

Note 5: Non-Current Trade receivables

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Perticulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured considered Good unless otherwise stated Trade Receivables	15,759.91	16,973.27
Total	15,759.91	16,973.27

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#### Note 6: Current Financial Invsetment

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Investment in Mutual Fund Kotak Low Duration Fund		1,677.40	14
	Total	1,677.40	

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Aggregate Book Value of quoted investments	1,641.83	
Aggrogate market value of quoted investments	1,677.40	2
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments	 (a)	4
Aggregate amount of imparment on value of investments		

#### Note 7: Current Trade Recievables

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	25	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured considered Good unle Trade Receivables	ss otherwise stated	2,226.31	8,671.71
	Total	2,226.31	8,671.71

#### Note 8 : Cash and Bank Balances

(i)Cash and cash equivalents		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Balances with bank	306.15	90.04
Cash in hand	0.24	0.72
Term Deposits	1,200.00	95.00
Total	1,506.39	185.76

#### Note 9: Other Current financial assets

	(Amount in La		(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars			As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Security Deposits	24		17.81	8.78
		Total	17.81	8.78

#### Note 10 : Other current assets

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	1	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Advances other than capital advance			
- Advance to suppliers		7.09	1
-Others		17.54	11.29
Accrued Interest on FDR		69.85	0.15
GST input Tax Credit		70.02	36.38
	Total	164.51	47.82

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Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 11: Share capital

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Authorised		
Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each		
3,50,00,000 (Previous Year 3,50,00,000)	3,500.00	3,500.00
	3,500.00	3,500.00
Issued Subscribed & Fully Paid up		
Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each		
3,50,00,000 (Previous Year 3,50,00,000)	3,500.00	3,500.00
Total	3,500.00	3,500.00

#### Note 11.1

a Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	Nos.	Nos.
Balance as at April 01, 2019	3,50,00,000	3,50,00,000
Add: Issued during the period		1.5
Less:Deductions		-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	3,50,00,000	3,50,00,000

#### b Details of Shareholders holding more Than 5% in the company

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
	No of Shares	No of Shares
PNC infra holdings Limited*	3.50,00,000	3,50,00,000

\*includes 10 Equity Shares are held by nominee of PNC Infra holdings Limited

# c Rights and restrictions attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In case any dividend is proposed by the Board of Directors the same is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in the case of Interim Dividend. There are restrictions attached to Equity Shares in relation to the term loan taken by the company.

There are no bonus shares/share issued for consideration other than cash and share bouht back immediately preceding Five years.

#### Note 12: Other Equity

0.000/00/00/00/00000000		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Reserve and Surplus		1
- Retained Earnings		
Balance outstanding at the beginning of the year	3,914.99	3,990.01
Profit for the period	5,269.52	-76.56
Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligation (Refer Note- 11.1)	4.67	1.55
Balance outstanding at the close of the Period	9,189.18	3,914.99

Note 12.1 : This is an item of Other Comprehensive Income, recognised directly in retained earnings.

#### **Retained Earnings**

This comprise company's undistributed profit after taxes.

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Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

Note 13 : Non Current Borrowings

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Secured Long term borrowing:		
Term Loans -From Oriental Bank Of Commerce	6,652.53	8,187.34
Less: Current Maturity of Long Term Debt (Refer Note No. 18)	1,680.00	1,536.00
Tota	4,972.53	6,651.34

Nature of security and terms of repayments for long term borrowings:-

Orental Bank of Commerce (A) Nature of security -

(I) First charge on all the Company's immovable assets/ movable assets ( except project assets), if any, both present and future.

(ii) First charge over all revenue and receivables of the Company's from the project or otherwise.

(iii) First charge over the rights, title and interest of the Company's related to the project from all contracts, insurances, licences, in to and other all project agreement.

(iv) First charge over all the banks accounts of the Company, the Escrow account including sub accounts.

(v) First charge on all intangibles of the borrower save and except the project assets

(Vi) Piedge of shares held by the promoter and or any other person aggregating to 51%

## (B) Terms of Repayment

(i) 121 unequal monthly installments commencing from December 2013

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Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 14: Deffered Tax Liability

The balance comprise of differnce attributable to:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Fixed Assets (Tangibles )	(0.55)	(0.43)	
Trade Receivable	4,032.53	5,269.63	
Borrowings	1.16	1.77	
Intangible Assets	(2,595.87)	(3,513.28)	
Employee Benfit	(5.72)	(7.11)	
Net Deffered Tax Liablity/(Assets)	1,431.55	1,750.58	

#### Note 14.1 Movement of Deferred Tax

Movement in Deferred Tax Liability	Fixed Assets	Trade Receivable	Borrowings	Employee Benefit	Intangible Assets	Total
As at 01.04.2019	(0.43)	5,269.63	1.77	(7.11)	(3,513.28)	1,750.58
Charged/(credited)		55262015		10.000	2752	
-to OCI				(1.64)		(1.64)
- to profit and loss a/c	(0.13)	(1,237.10)	(0.60)	3.02	917.41	(317.40)
As at 31.03.2020	(0.55)	4,032.53	1.16	(5.72)	(2,595.87)	1,431.55

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(Amount in Lakhs)

Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

Note 15: Long Term Provisions		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for Gratuity	11.72	13.43
Provision for Leave encashment	2.75	4.23
Total	14.47	17.66

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Note 15.1: Short Term Provisions	1: Short Term Provisions (Amount in	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for Gratuity	6,46	4.06
Provision for Leave encashment	1.08	1.05
Total	7.54	5.11

Note 16 : Short term borrowings		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Unsecured Loan		
From Related Party		7,600.00
Total Borrowings	 4	7,600.00

Note 17: Trade Payables

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Due to MSME parties ( Refer Note 17.1 ) Due to other than MSME parties	- 478.21	- 72.63
Total	478.21	72.63

Note 17.1 As per available records there is no suppliers/service providers covered under Micro, Small Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006. In view of this, information required to be disclosed u/s 22 of the said Act is not given.

#### Note 18: Other Current Financial Liablities

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt (refer note no 13)	1,680.00	1,536.00
Employee Benefits payable	26.80	20.56
Payable to employees	0.40	(0.00
Expenses Payable*		778.24
Security deposits payable	60.92	32.54
Total	1,768.12	2,367.34

I: Other Current Liability (Amoun		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Statuary dues payable	11.00	32.40
Total	11.00	32,40

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
TDS and Advance Tax		1,025.15	1.15
Less:Provision for Income Tax	S 1	(1,047.72)	(16.76)
	Total	(22.57)	(15.61)

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Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 21: Revenue From Operations

			(Amount in Lakits)
Particulars		Period ended March 31, 2020	Period ended March 31, 2019
CETP operation Revenue		311.50	251.31
Maintenance Revenue	- 1	434.01	482.51
Water Charges Revenue	- 1	306.38	265.31
Advertisement Revenue		0.45	0.88
Other Revenue Charges		77.24	82.73
Finance income on annuity receivable		1,822.41	1,943.28
	Total	2,951.99	3,005.01

#### Note 22: Other Income

	1 M 10 M 20 H 10 L 10 M 11 L 20 M	(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Period ended March 31, 2020	Period ended March 31, 2019
Intrest From Bank	204.60	10.11
Profit/(Jass) on redemption of Mutual Funds	21.83	
Other non-aperating income	5,998.51	
Gain/(loss)on Fair Valuation of Mutual Funds	35.56	
Tota	6,260.50	10.11

#### Note 23: Employee Benefit Expenses

			(Amount in Lakits)
Particulars		Period ended March 31, 2020	31, 2019
Salaries and wages		235.45	190.27
Contribution to provident & other funds		12.53	12.31
Staff welfare expense		1.46	1.43
	Total	249.44	204.02

#### Note 24: Finance Cost

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars		Period ended March 31, 2020	Period ended March 31, 2019
Interest Cast*		B44.50	1,653.39
	Total	844.50	1,653.39

Fincludes Rs 114.94 Lakhs interest on unsecured loan taken from related party. (Previous year Rs 863.34 Lakhs)

#### Note 25: Depreciation and amortisation

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Period ended March 31, 2020	Period ended March 31, 2019
Depreciation on Tangble Assets	6.44	3.75
Amortisation of Other Intangibles		
Tota	5,44	3.75

#### Note 26: Other Expenses

			(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars		Period ended March 31, 2020	Period ended March 31, 2019
Power & Fuel		348.90	284.55
Consumption of Stores and spares		60.62	16.12
Other expenses-Contract Paid		1,212.29	348.72
Other Expenses Rent (Lease rental)		20.13	16.85
Travelling - Others		0.93	1.74
Postage and telephone		4.87	5.48
Logal expenses		19.14	39.29
Printing and stationary		2.52	2.38
Corporate Social Responsibility		10.70	
Other operational expenses		339.44	240.81
Hire charges of Vehicles		26.47	66.36
Miscellaneous and General Expenses		68.79	45.30
Audito: remuneration		0.75	0.75
	Total	2,115.54	1,067.86

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# Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 27 : Tax Expense

# A Income Tax Expenses

a, income rax expenses		(Annount in Lawns
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Current tax		
Current tax on profit for the period	1,047.72	16.76
Taxes for prior period		64.89
Total Current tax expense	1,047.72	81.65
(b) Deferred tax	2	
Decrease (increase) in deferred tax assets	(319.82)	84.13
(Decrease) increase in deferred tax Liabilities	(0.86)	(2.11
Total Deffered Tax Expenses	(320.68)	82.02
Total Income tax Expense	727.04	163.67

## (B) Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:

	and a second states of	(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Profit before tax	5,996.56	87.10
Tax at Indian tax rate of 29.12% (F.Y. 2018-19-31.20%)	1,746.20	27.18
Taxes paid for earlier years	S	64.89
Income tax Exempt under 80-IA	(1746.20)	(27.18
Minimum Alternate tax paid	1047.72	16.76
Deferred Tax	(320.68)	82.02
Total tax expenses as per profit and loss	727.04	163.67

#### Note 28 : Earning Per share

	(Amount in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(a) Profit/(Loss) available to Equity Shareholders (Rs. In lakhs)	5,269.52	(76.56)
(b) Weighted Average number of Equity Shares	350.00	350.00
(c) Nominal value of Equity Shares (in Rs.)	10.00	10.00
(d) Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share ((a)/(b)	15.06	(0.22)

#### Note 29 : Operating Segment Information

The Company operates in only one segment, namely "Maintenance & Operation of CEPT project" hence there are no reportable segments under Ind AS-108 'Segment Reporting'. Hence, separate business segment information is not applicable.

The Managing director of the company has been identified as The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM). The Chief Operating Decision Maker also monitors the operating results as one single segment for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment and hence, there are no additional disclosures to be provided other than those already provided in the financial statements.

There is only one customer having more than 10% of the total revenue.

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(Amount in Lakha)

Notes to financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

Note 30 : Related party transactions

- (A) List of related parties
- (a) Parent Entity

		Ownership Interest			
Name	Туре	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
PNC Infra holdings Limited	Immediate Holding company	100%	100%		
PNC Infratech Limited	Ultimate Holding	1	2 2		

# (B) Transactions between related parties

The following transactions were carried out with the related partles in the ordinary course of business.

			(Amount in Lakhs
Sr. No	Nature of transaction	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
1	Loan Received		
	PNC Infratech Limited	S 8	500.00
2	Loan Repaid		
	PNC Infratech Limited	7,600.00	
3	Interest on Unsecured Loan		
	PNC Infratech Limited	114.94	863.34

# (C) Balance Outstanding during the year

			(Amount in Lakhs
Sr. No Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
1	Short Term borrowing PNC Infratech Limited	- E - *	7,600.00
2	Interest Payable PNC Infratech Limited	20 20	777.00

# (d) Terms and Conditions

The transactions with the related parties are made on term equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. The assessment is under taken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and in the market in which the related party operates. All Outstanding balances will be settled in cash.

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Notes to financial statement as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 31 : Fair Value Measurement

#### **Financial instruments by category**

	As	at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019		
Particulars	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI
Financial Aiset					0.0001	0.0000000000
Long Term Trade receivables	16,973.27	1000	1.00	16,973.27		-
Retentions	17.81	1.00		8.78		-
Short Term trade recievables	2,226.31			8,671.71		
Cash and Bank Balances	1,506.39			185.76	· · · · ·	
Total Financial Assets	20,723.78	-		25,839.52		-
Financial Uabilities						
Long Term Borrowings	6,652.53	1.00	·**	8,187.34		
Trade payables	478.21	0.40	11 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	72.63		
Short Term Borrowings				7,600.00		
Other Financial Liabilities	58,12			831.34		
Total Financial Liabilities	7,218.85	1.00	+	16,691.31	- X	

#### (i) Fair Value Hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of inputs used is determining fair values, the group has classified its financial instruments into three levels prescribed under the accounting standards.

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The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of Company's asset and liabilities, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 as described below :-

Level 1: Guoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

		Fair V	alue Measurement u	sing
Particulars	Carrying Value March 31, 2020	Quoted price in Active Market (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
A) Financial Assets and Liabilities measured at amortised cost for which air values are disclosed at March 31, 2020	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
() Financial Assets				
rade Reclevables	15,759.91	191	15,759.91	
Total	15,759.91		15,759.91	
i) Financial Liabilities				
ion Current borrowings				
Borrowings	4,972.53		4,972.53	÷.
Total	4,572.53	+ SSOCIATE	4,972.53	

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(Amount in Lakhs)

			an a	(Amount in Lakh	
		Fair Value Measurement using			
Particulars	Carrying Value March 31, 2019	Quoted price in Active Market (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
(A) Financial Assets and Liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed at March 31, 2019				- 29 - 20	
(i) Financial Assets					
Trade Recievables	16,973.27	1983	16,973.27		
Total	16,973.27		16,973.27		
(i) Financial Liabilities					
Non Current borrowings	10				
Borrowings	6,651,34	1.47	6,651.34		
Total	6,651.34		6,651.34	+	

#### (ii) Valuation techniques used to determine Fair value

The Company maintains policies and procedures to value financial assets or financial liabilities using the best and most relevant data available. The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

#### The following method and assumptions are used to estimate fair values:

The Carrying amounts of trade payables, short term borrowings, cash and cash equivalents, current trade recievables, short term deposits/retentions, expenses payable etc. are considered to be their fair value, due to their short term nature.

Long-term fixed-rate and variable-rate receivables / borrowings are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates, specific country risk factors, credit risk and other risk characteristics. For borrowing fair value is determined by using the discounted cash flow (DCF) method using discount rate that reflects the issuer's borrowings rate. Risk of non-performance for the company is considered to be insignificant in valuation.

The fair value of trade receivables, security deposits and retentions are evaluated on parameters such as interest rate and other risk factors. Fair value is being determined by using the discounted cash flow (DCF)

Financial assets and Rabilities measured at fair value and the carrying amount is the fair value.

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#### PNC Delhi industrialinfra Private Limited Notes to financial statement as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 32 : FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's principal financial liabilities, other than derivatives, comprise borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to manage finances for the Company's operations. The Company principal financial asset includes loan, trade and other receivables, and cash and short-term deposits that arise directly from its operations. The Company's activities are exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

#### I. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk and commodity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments, and derivative financial instruments.

#### (a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Company's position with regard to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of the fixed rate and floating rate financial instruments in its total portfolio.

(i) The exposure of group borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of reporting period are as follows:

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Variable rate borrowings	6,652.53	8,187.34
Fixed rate borrowings	54	7,600.00
Total borrowings	6,652.53	15,787.34

(ii) As at the end of reporting period, the company had the following variable rate borrowings and interest rate swap contracts outstanding:

	-	31/03/2020			31/03/2019 -		
Particulars	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total loans	Weighted average interest rate (%)	Balance	% of total loans	
Term Loan		6,652.53	100.00%		8,187,34	51.86%	
Net exposure to cash flow interest rate risk		6,652.53	100.00%		8,187.34	51.86%	

#### (ii) Sensitivity

Profit/loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

Particulars	increase/ Decrea	increase/ Decrease in Basis Points			
1431 (M. 1977)	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
INR	+50	+50	33.26	40.94	
	- 50	- 50	-33.26	-40.94	

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#### (b) Foreign currency risk

The Company by nature does not operates internationally and as the Company has not obtained any foreign currency loans and also doesn't have any foreign currency trade payables and foreign receivables outstanding therefore, the company is not exposed to any foreign exchange risk.

#### (c) Price Risk

The company does not have any investments in equity and commodity at the current year end and previous year. Therefore the company is not exposed to price risk.

#### II. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial conditions, current economic trends, and analysis of historical had debts and ageing of accounts receivable.

The company's only source of revenue is from the annuity which it recieves from DSIDC, which is a government authority ,therefore company is not exposed to any credit risk. Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as we generally invest in deposits with banks and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

#### III. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that company will not be able to settle or meet its obligation on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's objective is to at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company's management is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risk are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the company's net liquidity position through rolling, forecast on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted payments:

As at March 31, 2020	Carrying Amount	On Demand	Less than One Year	More than one year and less than three year	More than 3 Years	Total
Borrowings	6,652.53	+	1,680.00	1,896.00	3,076.53	6,652.53
Trade payables	478.21	-	478.21			478.21
Other Liabilities	88.12		88.12		143	88.12
Total	7,218.85	-	2,246.33	1,896.00	3,076.53	7,218.85
23						(Amount in Lakhs)

As at March 31, 2019	Carrying Amount	On Demand	Less than One Year	More than one year and less than three year	More than 3 Years	Total
Borrowings	15,787.34	7,600.00	1,536.00	3,576.00	3,075.34	15,787.34
Trade payables	72.63	1000 C 1000 C	72.63	4		72.63
Other Liabilities	831.34		831.34		(e)	831.34
Total	16,691.31	7,600.00	2,439.97	3,576.00	3,075.34	16,691.31

#### Financing arrangements:

There are no undrawn facilities at the end of current year and previous years.

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(Amount in Lakhr)

# PNC Delhi Industrialinfra Private Limited Notes to financial statement as at and for the year ended March 31, 2020

# Note 33 : Capital Management

#### (a) Risk Management

The primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximize the shareholder value and also maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital. In order to manage the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, return on capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of following gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus debt.

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Debt	6,652.53	15,787.34
Cash & bank balances	1,506.39	185.76
Net Debt	5,146.14	15,601.58
Total Equity	12,689.18	7,414.19
Total Equity and Net Debt	17,835.32	23,016.57
Net debt to debt and equity ratio (Gearing Ratio)	28.85%	67.78%

#### Notes-

 Debt is defined as long-term and short-term borrowings including current maturities (excluding derivatives) as described in notes 14 and 18.

(ii) Total equity (as shown in balance sheet) includes issued capital and all other equity reserves.

## (b) Loan Covenants

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Group's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Till date, there has been no breach in the finacial covenats of interest bearing loans & borrowings in the current period and in the previous period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the current years and previous years.

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# PNC Delhi Industrialinfra Private Limited CIN:U45200DL2011PTC222406 Notes to financial statement for the year ended on March 31, 2020

#### Note 34 Details of Employee Benefit Expenses

The disclosure required by IND AS -19 " Employee Benefits" are as under-

(a) Defined Benefit Plan

The Liability for Employee gratuity is determined on acturial valuation using projected unit credit method .

-	obligations are as under:-	lastias		31-03-2020	(Amount in Lakh 31-03-2019
•	Change In defined benefit ob		-	22.85	17.4
	1. Defined benefit obligation at t	segmining of period		22.00	104
	2. Service cost		3	6.43	6.3
	a. Current service cost			0.43	9.3
	b. Past service cost				
	c. (Gain) / loss on settlements				100
	3. Interest expenses			1.60	1.4
	4. Cash flows				
	a. Benefit payments from plan				-
	b. Benefit payments from emp				
	c. Settlement payments from	A NORTH COLOR		· · · ·	
	d.Settlement payments from	employer -			1
	5. Remeasurements			312.223	535
	a. Effect of changes in demog			-0.33	0.0
	b. Effect of changes in financia			-2.75	0.7
	c. Effect of experience adjustn	nents		-1.51	-3.0
	6. Transfer In /Out				
	a. Transfer In				3
	b. Transfer out			1.00	1.00
	7. Defined benefit obligation at e	and of period		26.30	22.8
į.	Change in fair value of plan a	ssets			
	1. Fair value of plan assets at be	ginning of period	1.1	5.37	2.
	2. Interest income			0.47	0.3
	3. Cash flows			22.5	
	a. Total employer contribution	15			
	(i) Employer contributions			2.75	2.5
	(iii) Employer direct benefit pa	yments			100
	(iii) Employer direct settlemen	t payments		21	
	b. Participant contributions	Contraction in the second		22	-
	c. Benefit payments from plan	assets			
	d. Benefit payments from emp			22	2
	e. Settlement payments from			+ 2	-
	I. Settlement payments from a				
	4. Remeasurements	01500			
	a. Return on plan assets (exclu	iding interest income)	- 10	-0.47	-0.0
	5. Transfer in /Out		***		
	a. Transfer in				-
	b. Transfer out			28 L	
	6. Fair value of plan assets at en-	d of period		8.12	5.
	Amounts recognized in the B	alance Sheet			
	1. Defined benefit obligation		2	26.30	22.1
	2. Fair value of plan assets			-8.12	-5.3
	3. Funded status			18.18	17.
	4. Effect of asset ceiling				
	5. Net defined benefit liability (a				

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D	1	Components of defined benefit cost			
120	1	Service cost			
		a. Current service cost		6.43	6.32
		b. Past service cost	2		
		c. (Gain) / loss on settlements			
		d. Total service cost	24	6.43	6.33
	2	Net interest cost		5345 L	253
	17	a. Interest expense on DBO		1.60	1.40
		b. Interest (income) on plan assets		0.47	0.31
		c. interest expense on effect of (asset ceiling)			
		d. Total net interest cost		1.13	1.09
	3.	Remeasurements (recognized in OCI)		22.02	628
	19	a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions		-0.33	0.0
	- 8	b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions		-2.75	0.74
	- 3	c. Effect of experience adjustments		-1.51	-3.04
	- 3	d. (Return) on plan assets (excluding interest income)		-0.47	-0.03
		e. Changes in asset ceiling (excluding interest income)			
	- 3	f. Total remeasurements included in OCI		-4.12	-2.20
	4,	Total defined benefit cost recognized in P&L and OCI	15	3.44	5.1
E.		Re-measurement			
		a. Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO		-4.59	-2.25
	- 3	b. Returns above Interest Income		-0.47	-0.0
		c. Change in Asset ceiling			
		Total Re-measurements (OCI)	8	-4.12	-2.2
F.		Employer Expense (P&L)			
2		a. Current Service Cost		6.43	6.33
		b. Interest Cost on net DBO		1.13	1.05
		c. Past Service Cost			
	- 1	d. Total P&L Expenses		7.56	7.40
G.		Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation			
	4	Net defined benefit liability (asset)		17.49	15.14
		Defined benefit cost included in P&L		7.56	7.4
	0.001	Total remeasurements included in OCI		-4.12	-2.2
	1050	a. Employer contributions		-2.75	-2.7
	- 11	b. Employer direct benefit payments		-2110	-
		c. Employer direct settlement payments	1.2		1
	251	Net transfer			
	1.1	Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period		18.18	17.45
н.		Reconciliation of OCI (Re-measurment)			
-	1	Recognised in OCI at the beginning of period	24	-2.29	-0.03
	1.00	Recognised in OCI during the period		-4.12	-2.26
	2.00	Recognised in OCI at the end of the period		-6.41	-2.25
į.		Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period			
		Discount rate +100 basis points		25.53	21.92
		Discount rate -100 basis points		27.14	23.85
	1000	Salary increase Rate +1%		27.01	23.75
	2004	Salary Increase Rate -1%		25.63	22.03
	2.1			12223	22.63
	5	Attrition Rate +1%		26.25	4.4.51



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İ.	1	Significant actuarial assumptions		C. Start	46
	1	Discount rate Current Year		6.50%	75
	2	Discount rate Previous Year		7.00%	85
	3.	Salary increase rate		5.0%	9.09
	4.	Attrition Rate		25.0%	20.09
	5.	Retirement Age		60	60
				IALM (2012-14)	IALM (2012-14)
	6.	Pre-retirement mortality		Ultimate	Ultimate
	7.	Disability		NI	NI
к.	1	Data	20		
	1	No.		113	101
	2	Avg. Age (yrs.)		39	35
	_	Avg. Past Service (yrs.)		4	
	4.	Avg. Sal. Mly (Rs.)		10092	9549
	5.	Future Service (yrs.)		21	21
	6.	Weighted average duration of DBO		2	5
	ş	Defined benefit obligation at end of period			
	- 8	Current Obligation		5.46	4.06
	- 9	Non-Current Obligation		19.84	18.81
	1	Total _		26.30	22.86
м,	1	Expected cash flows for following year			
	1	Expected employer contributions / Addl. Provision Next Year		12.37	10.00
	2	Expected total benefit payments			
	- 3	Year 1		5.37	4.06
	- 3	Year 2		3.70	3.06
		Year 3		3.94	3.21
		Year 4	1.41	2.44	3.55
		Year 5		1.93	2.31
		Next 5 years		4.75	7.67

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# PINC Delhi Industrialinfra Private Limited CIN:U45200DL2011PTC222406

Notes to financial statement for the year ended on March 31, 2020

# Note 34 Details of Employee Benefit Expenses

The disclosure required by IND A5 -19 " Employee Benefits" are as under-

(a) Defined Benefit Plan

The Liability for Employee Leave Encashment is determined on acturial valuation using projected unit credit method .

	Change in defined benefit obligation		31-03-2020	31-03-2019
1			5.28	4,4
	Concerning Concerning and an and an and an and a strength of the second s		12022	
	a. Current service cost		0.37	0.4
	b. Past service cost			
	The state of the second state of the			
3.			0.37	0.3
			1000.0	0.0145
			-	
				÷
	N 이 가서 같은 것 같은 것 같이 많이 가지 않는 것 것 같은 것 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은		1.00	<u>1</u>
				· • · ·
s.				
			0.04	-0.0
	이 지지 않아요. 그는 집에서 이 집에 가지 않는 것이 같아요. 이 집에서 나는 것이 지지 않아요? 요		175326	0.1
	같은 것은 같은 것 같은 것은 것 같은 것은 것 같은 것은 것 같은 것 ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		220203	-0.1
6.				10.23
1			0.40	4
7			3,84	5.2
				1.000
	Change in fair value of plan assets			
1			0.000	
				S
			· · · · ·	
- 3				-
			1.1.1	1
				1
-1				-
				-
4	Remeasurements			
	a. Return on plan assets (excluding interest income)		1 233	1.0
5	A CONTRACTOR OF			
	a. Transfer In		1.000	14.5
	b. Transfer out		1.1	1
6			1.0	
	Amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet			
1	방법 이 2014 M 2014		3.84	5.2
			2262.5	5.2
5.	엄마 집 것 같은 지 않는 것 같은 것은 것 같은 것 같은 것은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것		3.84	5.2
	2 34 5 6 7 123 4 5 6 1234	<ul> <li>b. Past service cost</li> <li>c. (Gain) / loss on settlements</li> <li>interest expenses</li> <li>Cash flows <ul> <li>a. Benefit payments from plan</li> <li>b. Denefit payments from employer</li> <li>c. Settlement payments from employer</li> </ul> </li> <li>Remeasurements <ul> <li>a. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions</li> <li>b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions</li> <li>b. Effect of experience adjustments</li> </ul> </li> <li>Transfer in /Out <ul> <li>Transfer out</li> </ul> </li> <li>Change in fair value of plan assets</li> <li>Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period</li> <li>Interest income</li> <li>Cash flows <ul> <li>Total employer contributions</li> <li>(i) Employer contributions</li> <li>(ii) Employer contributions</li> <li>(iii) Employer contributions</li> <li>(iii) Employer direct benefit payments</li> <li>(iii) Employer</li> <li>(iii) Employer</li> <li>(iii) Employer</li> <li>(iii)</li></ul></li></ul>	<ol> <li>Service cost         <ul> <li>Current service cost</li> <li>Past service cost</li> <li>C (Gain) / loss on settlements</li> <li>Interest expenses</li> <li>Cash flows                 <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ol>	2.     Service cost     0.37       a. Current service cost     0.37       b. Past service cost     0.37       c. (falin) / loss on settlements     0.37       a. Benefit payments from plan     -       b. Benefit payments from plan     -       c. Settlement payments from plan     -       d. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions     0.04       b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions     0.05       c. Effect of changes in financial assumptions     0.35       c. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions     0.35       c. Transfer in /Out     -       a. Transfer not     -       b. Transfer out     -       c. Define therefit abligation at end of period     3.84       Change in fair value of plan assets     -       iii (Employer contributions     -       iiii (Employer direct benefit payments     -       iiiii (Employer direct benefit payments     -       iiiii

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	D+ .	Components of defined benefit cost			
b. Past service cost	1	. Service cost			
c (Joan) / Joss on settlements    -      d. Total service cost    0.37      a. Interest expense on DBO    0.37      b. Interest (cost)    0.37      c. Interest expense on effect of Jasset celling)    0.37      d. Total and interest cost    0.33      d. Return on plan asset Stendards    0.34      d. Return on plan asset Stendards    2.19      d. Total and cost (including interest income)    -      d. Total and ensurements    2.19      d. Total and and the cost (including interest income)    -      d. Total and service Cost    0.37      b. Returns above interest income    -      c. Change in Asset celling    -      d. Cost on net DOO    0.37      b. Interest Cost on net DOO    0.37      c. Frait Service Cost    -      d. Total returns (including remeasurements)    -      d. Total service cost    -      b. Interest Cost on net DOO    0.37      c. Frait Service Cost    -      <		a. Current service cost		0.37	0.48
a Total service cost     0.37       2. Net interest cost     0.37       b. Interest genetie on DBO     0.37       b. Interest genetie on DBO     0.37       c. Interest genetie on DBO     0.37       c. Interest genetie on DBO     0.37       d. Total and Interest cost     0.37       Remeasurements     0.33       z. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions     0.38       c. Entreest experience adjustments     0.38       d. Returns assest [sectucing interest income]     -       e. Changes in Saste celling (cucluding interest income)     -       f. Total remeasurements     2.19       d. Total remessurements     2.19       d. Total remeasurements     -       a. Acturatial Loss/(Gain) on DIO     2.19       b. Returns above Interest income     -       c. Change in Asset celling     -       Total Re-measurements     -       Total Re-measurements     -       f. Total Re-free Cost     -       d. Total Re-free Cost     -       d. Total Re-free Second in Resk.     -       j. Interest Cost on not DBO     - <td></td> <td>b. Past service cost</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>100</td>		b. Past service cost			100
2. Net interest coget       0.37         b. Interest (comen) on plan assets       0.37         c. Interest expense on effect of (asset colling)       0.37         d. Total net interest cost       0.37         B. Remeasurements       0.04         b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions       0.04         c. Effect of changes in financial assumptions       0.35         c. Effect of changes in financial assumptions       0.35         c. Effect of changes in financial assumptions       0.34         c. Changes in asset (ackuding interest income)       1.         c. Total remeasurements       2.19         Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)       1.45         Remeasurement       2.19         a. Actuard loss/(Gain) on DBO       2.2.9         b. Returns above Interest income       0.37         c. Change in Asset celling       0.37         c. Change in Asset celling       0.37         b. Returns above Interest income       0.37         c. Total reflect Sost on net DBO       0.37         b. Interest Cost on net DBO       0.37         c. Past Service Cost       0.37         b. Interest Cost on net DBO       0.37         c. Past Service Cost       0.37         b. Employer ditect		r. (Gain) / loss on settlements			1
2.       Net interest cost       0.37         8.       interest expense on DBO       0.37         9.       interest expense on effect of (asset cosing)       0.37         6.       interest expense on effect of (asset cosing)       0.37         7.       Remeasurements       0.04         8.       Effect of changes in financial assumptions       0.04         6.       (feturn) on plan assets (excluding interest income)       0.35         7.       Total defined benefit cost (including femeasurements)       1.48         7.       Total defined benefit cost (including femeasurements)       1.45         7.       Returns above interest income       0.37         8.       Returns above interest income       0.37         9.       Rotal defined benefit cost (including remeasurements)       1.45         9.       Returns above interest income       0.37         10.       Change in Asset celling       0.37         10.       Sectors on et DBO       0.37         10.       Sectors on et DBO       0.37         10.       Interest cost on net DBO       0.37         10.       Interest cost on net DBO       0.37         10.       Interest cost on net DBO       0.37         10.		d. Total service cost		0.37	0.4
a Interest expense on DBO b. Interest (income) on plan assets c. Interest coder of (asset colling) d. Total net interest cost Remeasurements z. Effect of changes in financial assumptions c. Changes in asset cills (excluding interest income) c. Changes in asset cills (excluding interest income) c. Changes in fanancial assumptions c. Changes in fanancial assumptions c. Changes in asset cills (excluding interest income) c. Change in fanancial assumptions c. Change in Asset celling Total Re-measurements c. Change in fanancial assumptions c. Change in fanancial assumptions c. Change in fanancial assumptions c. Change in Asset celling Total Re-measurements c. Total celling t. Change in Asset celling t. Total re-measurements c. Total re-measurements c. Employer fignet settement payments c. Employer direct benefit cost included in P8L c. Employer direct benefit payments c. Employer direct benef	1.5	Net interest cost		1.000	CTC:
b. Interest expense on effect of (asset celling)       0.37         c. Interest expense on effect of (asset celling)       0.37         3. Remeasurements       0.04         b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions       0.04         b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions       0.35         c. Effect of changes in financial assumptions       0.35         c. Effect of changes in financial assumptions       0.48         c. Changes in asset (excluding interest income)       1.         c. Changes in asset (excluding interest income)       1.         f. Total remeasurements       2.19         a. Total defined benefit icost (including Remeasurements)       1.45         b. Returns above interest income       2.19         c. Change in Asset celling       0.37         c. Change in Asset celling       0.37         b. Interest Cost on net DDD       0.37         c. Past Service Cost       0.37         d. Total Re-measurements       1.45         a. Current Elevice Cost       0.37         b. Interest Cost on net DDD       5.28         c. Before therefit cost (including remeasurements)       1.45         b. Employer direct benefit asymmets       1.45         b. Employer direct benefit asymmets       3.43         c. Employer direc		The Constant State State and State Stat		0.37	0.3
c. Interest experse on effect of [asset celling]     0.37       d. Total net interest cost     0.37       Remeasurements     0.04       b. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions     0.35       c. Effect of experience adjustments     0.38       d. (fleturn) on plan assets (excluding interest income)     0.35       c. Changes in flancest income)     0.36       c. Changes inflancest income)     0.36       d. Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)     0.45       d. Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)     0.37       c. Change in flancest income     0.37       c. Change in flancest income     0.37       c. Change in Asset celling     0.37       Total Re-measurements     0.37       c. Change in Asset celling     0.37       c. Change in Asset celling     0.37       c. Change in Asset celling     0.37       c. Total Re-measurements     0.37       c. Total Re-measurements     0.37       c. Interest (including remeasurements)     0.37       c. Past Service Cost     0.37       c. Interest (including remeasurements)     0.45       d. Net defined benefit (tability (saset) reconciliation     0.4       Net defined benefit (tability (saset) reconciliation     0.4       1. Met defined benefit (tability (saset) reconciliation     0.4 <td></td> <td>에 가지 않는 것이 잘 넣는 것이 이 없을 것이다. 한 것이 가지 않는 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이 않는 것이 않는 것이 없는 것 않이 /td> <td></td> <td>1999 J</td> <td></td>		에 가지 않는 것이 잘 넣는 것이 이 없을 것이다. 한 것이 가지 않는 것이 있는 것이 없는 것이 않는 것이 않는 것이 없는 것 않이		1999 J	
d. Total net interest cost     0.37       3. Remeasurements     0.04       b. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions     0.04       b. Effect of changes in intencial assumptions     0.03       c. Offect of changes in financial assumptions     1.88       d. (Return) on plan assets [excluding interest income)     2.19       f. Total remeasurements     2.19       f. Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)     1.48       d. A. Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)     2.19       b. Returns above Intrest income     2.19       c. Change in Asset ceiling     2.19       f. Remeasurement     2.19       s. Actural local/Gabing on DBO     2.19       b. Returns above Intrest income     2.19       c. Change in Asset ceiling     2.19       f. Employer Expense (P&I)     3.14       s. Current Service Cost     0.37       c. Past Service Cost     0.37       d. Total P&L Expenses (including remeasurements)     1.45       z. Employer contributions     5.28       Defined benefit lability (asset)     5.28       Defined benefit lability (asset)     3.45       z. Employer direct benefit payments     3.45       z. Employer direct benefit payments     3.45       z. Employer direct benefit payments     3.45       z. Employer		이 1월 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19		1000	
3.       Remeasurements       0.04         2.       Effect of changes in infancial assumptions       0.035         5.       Effect of experience adjustments       0.035         6.       Changes in asset celling (excluding interest income)       1.88         6.       Fortial effective basefit cost (including interest income)       2.19         7.       Total defined basefit cost (including interest income)       2.19         6.       Re-measurements       2.219         7.       Total defined basefit cost (including interest income)       2.19         8.       Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO       2.19         9.       Re-measurements       2.19         10.       Re-measurements       2.19         11.       Distance Cost       0.37         12.       Employer Expense (P&L)       0.37         13.       Employer Expense (P&L)       0.37         14.       Express Cost on tot DDO       0.37         15.       Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation       1.45         14.       Met defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation       1.45         15.       Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       3.84         16.       Imployer direct bartif payments       1.45				0.37	0.3
2. Effect of changes in demographic assumptions     0.04       b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions     0.35       c. Effect of experience adjustments     13.88       d. (Return) on plan assets (excluding interest income)     -       e. Changes in asset celling (excluding interest income)     -       1. Total defined benefit cost (including hemeasurements)     -       1. Total measurement     -       2. Actuarial Loss/(Sain) on DBO     2.19       b. Returns above interest income     -       c. Change in Asset celling     -       Total Re-measurements     -       c. Change in Asset celling     -       Total Re-measurements     -       b. Returns above interest income     -       c. Change in Asset celling     -       Total Re-measurements     -       b. Returns (Cost on not DBO     0.37       c. Total Re-measurements     -       d. Total Re. Eventse (Including remeasurements)     -       d. Total Re. Eventses (Including remeasurements)     -       c. Total Re. Eventses (Including remeasurements)     -       c. Total Re. Eventses (Including remeasurements)     -       d. Total Re. Eventses (Including remeasurements)     -       d. Total Re. Eventses (Including remeasurements)     -       s. Employer Ontribuitons     -       b.	1.1				1000
b. Effect of changes in financial assumptions     0.35       c. Effect of changes in financial assumptions     0.35       c. Effect of experience adjustments     1.288       d. (fleturn) on plan asses (excluding interest income)     1.218       e. Changes in asset celling (excluding interest income)     2.19       1. Total remeasurements     2.19       4. Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)     1.45       5. Re-measurement     2.19       b. Returns above interest income     2.19       c. Change in Asset celling     7       Total Re-measurements     2.19       b. Returns above interest income     2.19       c. Change in Asset celling     7       Total Re-measurements     2.19       c. Change in Asset celling     7       Total Re-measurements     2.19       f. Employer Expense (P&L)     8       a. Current Service Cost     0.37       b. Interest Cost on net DBO     2.07       c. Past Service Cost     0.37       b. Interest Cost included in PSL     2.145       2. Defined benefit tability (asset) reconciliation     1.45       3. Employer contributions     1.45       3. Employer contributions     1.45       5. Net defined benefit tability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Perio	1.1			0.04	-0.0
c Effect of esperience adjustments       -1.88         d. (Return) on plan assets (excluding interest income)       -         t. Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)       -         4       Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)       -         a. Actural loss/(Gain) on DBO       2.19         b. Returns above interest income       -         c. Change in Asset celling       -         Total #emeasurements       -         a. Current Service Cost       0.37         b. Interest Cost on net DBO       0.37         c. Past Service Cost       0.37         d. Total P&L Expense (P&L)       -         a. Current Service Cost       0.37         c. Past Service Cost       0.37         c. Interest Cost on net DBO       -         c. Past Service Cost       0.37         d. Total P&L Expenses (including remeasurements)       -         s. Met defined benefit tability (asset) reconciliation       -         l. Met defined benefit tability (asset)       -         c. Employer direct settlement payments       -         c. Employer direct settlement payments       -         d. Stability analysis - DBC end of Period       -         d. Socian rate - 100 basis points       -       - <td></td> <td>시 이는 그 같은 것 생각에 걸었다. 이는 것은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같이 있다.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.1</td>		시 이는 그 같은 것 생각에 걸었다. 이는 것은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같이 있다.			0.1
d. (Return) on plan assets (excluding interest income)     .       e. Changes in asset celling (excluding interest income)     .       1. Total remeasurements     .2.19       4. Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)     .1.45       b. Returns above interest income     .       c. Change in Asset celling     .       Total Remeasurements     .1.45       b. Returns above interest income     .       c. Change in Asset celling     .       Total Remeasurements     .1.15       c. Change in Asset celling		이 비사가 가지 않는 사람이 있다. 정말 가지 않는 것 같아요. 이번 것 같아요. 안전 가지 않는 것 같아요. 이번 것 ? 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이		10000	-0.1
Changes in asset celling (excluding interest income)     Total remeasurements     Total rem		집 [2019] [2019] [2029]		1000	
1       Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)       2.19         4       Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)       2.19         1       Re-measurement       2.19         2       Remeasurements       2.19         3       Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO       2.19         5       Referencesurements       2.19         6       Change in Asset celling       2.19         7       Total Reference (P&L)       0.37         6       Change in Asset celling       0.37         7       Crait Re-measurements       0.37         6       Unterest Cost on the DBO       0.37         7       Crait Service Cost       0.37         6       Total PEL Expenses (Including remeasurements)       1.45         7       Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation       5.28         9       Defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation       1.45         1       Met defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       3.84         2       Defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       3.84         4       Met transfer       3.94         5       Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       3.84         4		네 집은 전쟁에서 이번 것 같은 것이 있는 것이 있는 것이 것 같아. 이렇게 집에 가지 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 가지 않는 것이 많이 있는 것이 같아. 이렇게 하는 것이 같이 있는 것이 같아. 이렇게 하는 것이 않 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 하는 것이 같아. 이렇게 하는 것이 같아. 이렇게 하는 것이 같아. 이렇게 하는 것이 같아. 이렇게 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 같아. 이렇게 하는 것이 같아. 이렇게 아들 하는 것이 같아. 이렇게 않는 것이 않 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 것이 같아. 이렇게 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 것이 같아. 이렇게 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 것이 같아. 이렇게 것이 같아. 이렇게 것이 같아. 이렇게 것이 같아. 이 같아. 이렇게 것이 같아. 이렇게 않는 것이 같아. 이렇게 않는 것이 같아. 이 같아. 이 같아. 이렇게 것이 같아. 이 하 것이 것이 것이 같아. 이 같아. 이 것이 같아. 이 것이 같아. 이 것이 것이 것이 같아. 이 같이 같아. 이 같아. 이 같아.			
4       Total defined benefit cost (including Remeasurements)       -1.45         8       Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO       2.19         b. Returns above interest income       -         c. Change in Asset calling       -         Total defined benefit cost       0.37         c. Extraing in Asset calling       -         Total Re-measurements       -         a. Current Service Cost       0.37         b. Interest Cost on net DBO       0.37         c. Fast Service Cost       0.37         d. Total P&L Expenses (including remeasurements)       -1.45         s. Met defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation       -         1. Wet defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation       -         2. Defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       -         3. Employeer contribuilition       -         4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period       -         1. Discount rate -100 basis points       3.73         2. Discount rate -100 basis points       3.73         3. S		그는 이 가슴을 가장에 안 해야 한다. 것은 것이 같은 것은 것이 가지 않는 것이 가지 않는 것이 같은 것이 같이 가지?		6.5.5.4	0.0
Re-measurement       2.19         a. Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO       2.19         b. Returns above Interest lincome       2.19         c. Change in Asset ceiling       2.19         Total Re-measurements       2.19         b. Imployer Expense (P&L)       3.37         c. Ourrent Service Cost       0.37         d. Total P&L Expense (Including remeasurements)       1.45         5.       Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation       1.45         1. Wet defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation       5.28         2. Defined benefit liability (asset)       5.28         3. E. Employer Contributions       1.45         5. Met defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       3.84         4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period       3.84         5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       3.84         6. Stany Increase Rate - 1%       3.373         3. Discount rate - 100 basis points       3.94         3. Salary Increase Rate - 1%       3.84         3. Stany Increase Rate - 1%       3.84         3. Stany Increase Rate - 1%       3.84         3. Salary Increase Rate - 1%       3.84         3. Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         3. Discount rate Current Year<	12	이 유가 귀엽지 않는 것이 가지 않는 것이 않는 것이 같아요. 그는 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그 그		1211-122	0.8
a. Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO     2.19       b. Returns above Interest income	- 23	I form dement cost (including nemeasurements)		-1,45	0.5
a. Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO     2.19       b. Returns above Interest income	6	Re-measurement	26		
b. Returns above interest income     .       c. Change in Asset ceiling     -2.19       Total Re-measurements     -2.19       d. Total Re-measurements     -2.19       b. Interest Service Cost     0.37       c. Past Service Cost     0.37       c. Total Re. Expenses (including remeasurements)     -1.45       c. Met defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation     -1.45       c. Met defined benefit liability (asset)     -1.45       d. Total P&L Expenses (including remeasurements)     -1.45       d. Net defined benefit liability (asset)     -1.45       d. Met defined benefit liability (asset)     -1.45       d. Employer direct benefit payments     -1.45       d. Employer direct benefit payments     -1.45       d. Met defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       d. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     -1.45       1. Discount rate - 100 basis points     3.94       2. Salary increase Rate +1%     3.93       3. Salary increase Rate -1%     3.84       6. Attrition Rate -1%     3.84       7     -1.55       3. Salary increase Rate -1%     3.83       3. Salary increase Rate -1%     3.84       6. Attrition Rate -1%     3.84       7     -1.50%       8. Salary increase rate     5.06		a. Actuarial Loss/(Gain) on DBO		2.19	0.0
Total Re-measurements     -2.19       Employer Expense (P&I)     0.37       a. Current Service Cost     0.37       b. Interest Cost on net DBO     0.37       c. Past Service Cost     0.37       d. Total R& Expenses (including remeasurements)     -1.45       i.     Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation     5.28       1. Met defined benefit liability (asset)     5.28       2. Defined benefit cost included in P&L     -1.45       3. Employer contributions     -       b. Employer direct settlement payments     -       c. Employer direct settlement payments     -       4. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       6. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.73       1. Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       2. Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       3. Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.84       4. Attrition Rate -1%     3.83       5. Attrition Rate -1%     3.83       5. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       6. Attrition Rate -1%     3.0%       7. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       7. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       8. Significant acturatal assumptions     5.0%       9. Di					-
Total Re-measurements     -2.19       Employer Expense (P&I)     0.37       a. Current Service Cost     0.37       b. Interest Cost on net DBO     0.37       c. Past Service Cost     0.37       d. Total P&L Expenses (including remeasurements)     -1.45       5.     Net defined benefit liability (asset)     5.28       1. Wet defined benefit liability (asset)     -1.45       2. Defined benefit liability (asset)     -1.45       3. Employer contributions     -       b. Employer direct benefit payments     -       c. Employer direct settlement payments     -       4. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     -       1. Discount rate + 100 basis points     3.73       2. Discount rate + 100 basis points     3.73       3. Salary Increase Rate + 1%     3.84       4. Attrition Rate + 1%     3.83       5. Attrition Rate + 1%     3.83       6. Attrition Rate - 1%     3.08       7. Discount rate Floot Year     5.0%       7. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       7. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       8. Shalay Increase rate     5.0%       9. Discount rate Previous Year		c. Change in Asset ceiling		G (G)	
a. Current Service Cost     0.37       b. Interest Cost on net DBO     0.37       c. Past Service Cost     0.37       d. Total P&L Expenses (including remeasurements)     1.45       5.     Net defined benefit tability (asset) reconciliation     5.28       1. Net defined benefit cost included in P&L     1.45       3. a. Employer direct benefit payments     1.45       4. benefit cost included in P&L     1.45       5. Met defined benefit cost included in P&L     1.45       3. a. Employer direct benefit payments     1.45       4. benefit cost and payments     1.45       5. Net defined benefit castlement payments     1.45       4. Net transfer     1.45       5. Net defined benefit castlement payments     1.45       4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.84       4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.94       5. Net defined benefit castlement payments     3.73       6. Solary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       7. Discount rate +100 basis points     3.74       8. Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.84       6. Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       7. Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       7. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       7. Discount rate Current Year     5.0%       7. Discount rate Current Year     5.0%       7.		Total Re-measurements		-2.19	0.0
a. Current Service Cost     0.37       b. Interest Cost on net DBO     0.37       c. Past Service Cost     0.37       d. Total P&L Expenses (including remeasurements)     1.45       5.     Net defined benefit tability (asset) reconciliation     5.28       1. Net defined benefit tability (asset)     5.28       2. Defined benefit tability (asset)     5.28       3. a. Employer contributions     -       b. Employer direct benefit payments     -       c. Employer direct settlement payments     -       5. Net defined benefit tability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       4.     Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.73       5. Net defined benefit tability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       4.     Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.94       5. Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       5. Solary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       4. Solary Increase Rate +1%     3.84       5. Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       6. Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       7. Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       7. Discount rate Current Year     5.0%       7. Discount rate Current Year     5		Employer Evolution (D21)			
b. Interest Cost on net DBO     0.37       c. Past Service Cost     -1.45       d. Total P&L Expenses (including remeasurements)     -1.45       i.     Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation     5.28       1. Net defined benefit (ability (asset)     5.28       2. Defined benefit (ability (asset)     5.28       3. a. Employer direct benefit payments     -       b. Employer direct benefit iability (asset) as of end of period     -       5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       6. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.73       7. Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       8. Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       4. Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.84       5. Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       6. Attrition Rate -1%     3.84       7. Discount rate 200 basis points     3.75       5. Attrition Rate -1%     3.83       7. Discount rate Previous Year     6.50%       7. Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       7. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%				2.22	200
<ul> <li>c. Past Service Cost</li> <li>d. Total P&amp;L Expenses (Including remeasurements)</li> <li>a. Total P&amp;L Expenses (Including remeasurements)</li> <li>b. Met defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation</li> <li>b. Wet defined benefit liability (asset)</li> <li>c. Employer contributions</li> <li>b. Employer direct benefit payments</li> <li>c. Employer direct benefit liability (asset) as of end of period</li> <li>b. Vet defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period</li> <li>b. Sensitivity analysis - 0BO end of Period</li> <li>J. Sensitivity analysis - 0BO end of Period</li> <li>J. Discount rate -100 basis points</li> <li>Salary Increase Rate -1%</li> <li>Attrition Rate -1%</li> <li>Significant actuarial assumptions</li> <li>Discount rate Current Year</li> <li>Discount rate Current Year</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Attrition Rate</li> <li>Discount rate Current Year</li> <li>Discount rate Current Year</li> <li>Discount rate Current Year</li> <li>Discount rate Current Year</li> <li>Discount rate Rate -1%</li> <li>Attrition Rate</li> <li>Discount rate Rate -1%</li> <li>Attrition Rate</li> <li>Discount rate Current Year</li> <li>Discount rate Rate -1%</li> <li>Salary Increase rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Attrition Rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Attrition Rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Solary Increase rate</li> <li>Attrition Rate</li> <li>Fer-retinement mortality</li> <li>Ultimate</li> <li>Ultimate</li> </ul>					0.4
d. Total P&L Expenses (including remeasurements)     -1.45       Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation     -       1. Net defined benefit liability (asset)     -       2. Defined benefit cost included in P&L     -       3. Employer contributions     -       b. Employer direct benefit payments     -       c. Employer direct settlement payments     -       4. Net transfer     -       5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     -       1. Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       2. Discount rate -100 basis points     3.94       3. Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       4. Significant actuarial assumptions     -       1. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       2. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       3. Salary Increase rate     -       4. Attrition Rate     2.50%       5. Significant actuarial assumptions     -       1. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       2. Discount rate Revious Year     5.0%       3. Salary Increase rate     -       4. Attrition Rate     25.0%       5. Betirement Age     650       6. Pre-retirement mortality     Ultimate					0.3
S.     Net defined benefit liability (asset) reconciliation       1.     Met defined benefit liability (asset)       2.     Defined benefit liability (asset)       3.     Employer contributions       5.     Employer direct benefit payments       c. Employer direct settlement payments     -       4.     Met transfer       5.     Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       4.     Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period       1.     Discount rate +100 basis points       3.     Salary increase Rate +1%       4.     Salary increase Rate +1%       5.     Attrition Rate +1%       6.     Attrition Rate +1%       7.     Salary increase Rate -1%       9.     Significant actuarial assumptions       1.     Discount rate Current Year       6.     Sons       7.00%     Salary increase rate       6.     Sons       7.00%     Solary increase rate       6.     Sons       7.00%     Solary increase rate       7.00%     Solary increase rate       8.     Attrition Rate       9.     Pre-retirement Age       6.     Fre-retirement mortality				05.0	0.8
1     Net defined benefit liability (asset)     5.28       2     Defined benefit cost included in P&L     -1.45       3. a. Employer contributions     -       b. Employer direct benefit payments     -       c. Employer direct settlement payments     -       4. Wet transfer     -       5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       4. Wet transfer     -       5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.73       1. Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       2. Discount rate -100 basis points     3.94       3. Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       4. Suprificant actuarial assumptions     -       1. Discount rate Quirent Year     6.50%       2. Discount rate Previous Year     7.00%       3. Salary Increase rate     5.0%       4. Attrition Rate     2.0%       5. Retirement Age     60       6. Pre-retirement mortality     0.014LM (2012-14)					1.55
2     Defined benefit cost included in P&L     -1.45       3.     a. Employer contributions     -       b. Employer direct benefit payments     -       c. Employer direct settlement payments     -       4.     Net transfer     -       5.     Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       1.     Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.84       1.     Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       2.     Discount rate -100 basis points     3.94       3.     Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       4.     Salary Increase Rate -1%     3.84       6.     Attrition Rate -1%     3.83       7.     Significant actuarial assumptions     -       1.     Discount rate Previous Year     6.50%       2.     Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       3.     Salary Increase rate     5.0%       4.     Attrition Rate     5.0%       5.     Retirement Age     6.0       6.     Pre-retirement mortality     IALM (2012-14)					
a. Employer contributions       -         b. Employer direct benefit payments       -         c. Employer direct settlement payments       -         4. Net transfer       -         5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       3.84         4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period       3.73         1. Discount rate +100 basis points       3.73         2. Discount rate -100 basis points       3.94         3. Salary Increase Rate +1%       3.93         4. Stription Rate +1%       3.84         5. Attrition Rate +1%       3.84         6. Attrition Rate -1%       3.84         7. Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         7. Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         7. Discount rate Previous Year       5.0%         3. Salary Increase rate       5.0%         4. Attrition Rate       5.0%         5. Salary Increase rate       5.0%         6. Discount rate Previous Year       5.0%         7. Discount rate Rate Age       6.50%         6. Pre-retinement mortality       104.04(2012-14)	13	Net defined benefit liability (asset)	1	5.28	4.4
b. Employer direct benefit payments.        c. Employer direct settlement payments        4. Net transfer        5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       4. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.84       1. Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       2. Discount rate -100 basis points     3.94       3. Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       4. Stary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       5. Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       6. Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       7. Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       7. Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       7. Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       3. Salary Increase rate     5.0%       4. Attrition Rate     5.0%       5. Retirement Age     60       14LM (2012-14)     14LM (212-14)       6. Pre-retirement mortality     Utimate U	1	Defined benefit cost included in P&L		-1.45	0.8
c. Employer direct settlement payments       -         4. Net transfer       -         5. Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       3.84         6. Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period       3.84         1. Discount rate +100 basis points       3.73         2. Discount rate -100 basis points       3.94         3. Salary Increase Rate +1%       3.93         4. Salary Increase Rate -1%       3.84         5. Attrition Rate +1%       3.84         6. Attrition Rate +1%       3.84         7. Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         8. Significant ectuarial assumptions       -         1. Discount rate Current Year       5.0%         2. Discount rate Previous Year       5.0%         3. Salary Increase rate       5.0%         4. Attrition Rate       5.0%         5. Salary Increase rate       5.0%         6. Attrition Rate       5.0%         7.00%       5.31ary Increase rate       5.0%         6. Attrition Rate       5.0%         7. Discount rate Previous Year       5.0%         8. Etimement Age       6.0         10. Discount rate Previous Year       5.0%         5. Retirement Age       6.0         10. Text Foreirement mortali	- 24	a. Employer contributions			1
4       Net transfer       3.84         5       Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period       3.84         1       Discount rate +100 basis points       3.73         2       Discount rate -100 basis points       3.94         3       Salary Increase Rate +1%       3.93         4       Salary Increase Rate +1%       3.93         5       Attrition Rate +1%       3.84         6       Attrition Rate +1%       3.84         7       Discount rate Current Vear       6.50%         2       Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         2       Discount rate Previous Year       5.0%         3       Salary increase rate       5.0%         4       Attrition Rate       5.0%         5       Retirement Age       5.0%         6       Pre-retirement mortality       IALM (2012-14)		b. Employer direct benefit payments			
5.     Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period     3.84       4.     Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period     3.73       1.     Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       2.     Discount rate -100 basis points     3.94       3.     Salary increase Rate +1%     3.93       4.     Salary increase Rate -1%     3.84       5.     Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       6.     Attrition Rate -1%     3.83       7.     Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       7.     Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       7.     Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       8.     Salary increase rate     5.0%       9.     Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       9.     Salary increase rate     5.0%       9.     Retirement Age     60       9.     Hortion Rate     60       9.     Pre-retirement mortality     IALM (2012-14)		c. Employer direct settlement payments		-	
A.     Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period       1.     Discount rate +100 basis points     3.73       2.     Discount rate -100 basis points     3.94       3.     Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       4.     Salary Increase Rate -1%     3.75       5.     Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       6.     Attrition Rate -1%     3.83       7.     Significant actuarial assumptions     3.83       9.     Significant actuarial assumptions     3.83       1.     Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       2.     Discount rate Previous Year     7.00%       3.     Salary increase rate     5.0%       4.     Attrition Rate     5.0%       5.     Retirement Age     60       6.     Pre-retirement mortality     IALM (2012-14)	4	. Net transfer		(B.)	
1.       Discount rate +100 basis points       3.73         2.       Discount rate -100 basis points       3.94         3.       Salary Increase Rate +1%       3.93         4.       Salary Increase Rate -1%       3.75         5.       Attrition Rate +1%       3.84         6.       Attrition Rate -1%       3.83         7.       Significant actuarial assumptions       3.83         1.       Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         2.       Discount rate Previous Year       7.00%         3.       Salary Increase rate       5.0%         4.       Attrition Rate       5.0%         5.       Retirement Age       60         IALM (2012-14)       IALM (2012-14)         0.       Vitimate       0.0	5	Net defined benefit liability (asset) as of end of period		3.84	5.2
1. Discount rate +100 basis points       3.73         2. Discount rate -100 basis points       3.94         3. Salary Increase Rate +1%       3.93         4. Salary Increase Rate -1%       3.75         5. Attrition Rate +1%       3.84         6. Attrition Rate -1%       3.83         7. Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         7. Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         7. Discount rate Previous Year       7.00%         8. Salary Increase rate       5.0%         4. Attrition Rate       25.0%         5. Retirement Age       60         10. Pre-retirement mortality       10.4LM (2012-14)	i	Sensitivity analysis - DBO end of Period			
2.     Discount rate -100 basis points     3.94       3.     Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       4.     Salary Increase Rate -1%     3.75       5.     Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       6.     Attrition Rate -1%     3.83       7.     Significant actuarial assumptions     7.00%       1.     Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       2.     Discount rate Previous Year     7.00%       3.     Salary Increase rate     5.0%       4.     Attrition Rate     6.0%       5.     Retirement Age     60       6.     Pre-retirement mortality     Ultimate		이 집중한 것 같아요. 김 것 같아요. 이 것 같아요. 이 집중에 집중에 다 같아요. 이 집중에 집중에서 집중		3.73	5.1
3.     Salary Increase Rate +1%     3.93       4.     Salary Increase Rate -1%     3.75       5.     Attrition Rate +1%     3.84       6.     Attrition Rate -1%     3.83       7.     Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       7.     Discount rate Previous Year     7.00%       7.     Discount rate Previous Year     5.0%       8.     Salary Increase rate     5.0%       9.     Retirement Age     60       10.     IALM (2012-14)     IALM (2012-14)		귀 같이 많이 많이 많이 많은 것을 잘 많이 잘 못했다. 나는 것이 같이 많이 많이 많이 많이 많이 없다. 것이 같이 많이		3.94	5.4
4.       Salary Increase Rate -1%       3.75         5.       Attrition Rate +1%       3.84         6.       Attrition Rate -1%       3.83         7.       Significant actuarial assumptions       3.83         1.       Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         2.       Discount rate Previous Year       7.00%         3.       Salary Increase rate       5.0%         4.       Attrition Rate       25.0%         5.       Retirement Age       60         IALM (2012-14)       IALM (2012-14)         6.       Pre-retirement mortality       Ultimate				10.000	5.4
5. Attrition Rate +1%       3.84         6. Attrition Rate -1%       3.83         9. Significant actuarial assumptions       3.83         1. Discount rate Current Year       6.50%         2. Discount rate Previous Year       7.00%         3. Salary increase rate       5.0%         4. Attrition Rate       25.0%         5. Retirement Age       60         10. Pre-retirement mortality       Ultimate				20/35/	5.1
6     Attrition Rate -1%     3.83       Significant actuarial assumptions     3.83       1.     Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       2.     Discount rate Previous Year     7.00%       3.     Salary increase rate     5.0%       4.     Attrition Rate     5.0%       5.     Retirement Age     60       6.     Pre-retirement mortality     Ultimate				1 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	5.2
1. Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       2. Discount rate Previous Year     7.00%       3. Salary increase rate     5.0%       4. Attrition Rate     25.0%       5. Retirement Age     60       1ALM (2012-14)     1ALM (2012-14)       6. Pre-retirement mortality     Ultimate				-57874	5.3
1. Discount rate Current Year     6.50%       2. Discount rate Previous Year     7.00%       3. Salary increase rate     .       4. Attrition Rate     25.0%       5. Retirement Age     60       IALM (2012-14)     IALM (2012-14)       6. Pre-retirement mortality     Ultimate		Similiant actuarial assumptions			
2. Discount rate Previous Year     7.00%       3. Salary increase rate     5.0%       4. Attrition Rate     25.0%       5. Retirement Age     60       1ALM (2012-14)     1ALM (2012-14)       6. Pre-retirement mortality     Ultimate		김 씨가 집 같은 것 같은		6.604	7.00
3. Salary increase rate     .     5.0%       4. Attrition Rate     25.0%       5. Retirement Age     60       6. Pre-retirement mortality     Ultimate		이 지난 것 같은 것 같		104 (B22) 204 (B22)	8.00
4. Attrition Rate         25.0%           5. Retirement Age         60           6. Pre-retirement mortality         1ALM (2012-14)				1233200	9.0
5. Retirement Age 50 IALM (2012-14) IALM (2) 5. Pre-retirement mortality Ultimate U		2012년 - 1917년 1917년 1월 1917년 1 1월 1917년 - 1917년 1월 1 1월 1917년 - 1917년 1월 1	1.04		
6. Pre-retirement mortality Ultimate U					20.0
6. Pre-retirement mortality Ultimate U		Retrement Age		100	6
	315				IALM (2012-1)
7. Disability Nil				2.570 S 23	Ultima
	1	Disability		NII	N

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J.	Data			
	1. No.		113	101
	2. Avg. Age (yrs.)		39	35
	3. Total LE Days		904	964
	4. Avg. Sal. Mly (Rs.)		10093	9549
	5. Weighted average duration of DBO	24	4	1
к.	Defined benefit obligation at end of period			
	Current Obligation	1	1.08	1.05
	Non-Current Obligation		2.75	4.23
	Total		3.84	5.28
		2.5 C		
L.	Expected cash flows for following year		Sec	
	1. Expected employer contributions / Addl. Provision Next Year		0.37	0.48
	2. Expected total benefit payments			
	Year 1		0.84	1.05
	Year 2		0.47	0.89
	Year 3		0.89	0.76
	Year 4		0.30	1.84
	Year 5		0.22	0.30
	Next 5 years		0.56	1.03

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